K-8

Fine Arts Curriculum Framework

Revised 2008

K-8 Fine Arts Curriculum Framework

Content Standard

Music	
Skills and Techniques	Students shall demonstrate and apply the essential skills and techniques to produce music.
2. Creative Expression	Students shall demonstrate creative expression through music.
3. Critical Analysis	Students shall listen to, analyze, describe, and evaluate a variety of music.
4. Connections	Students shall demonstrate and apply knowledge of connections between music and other disciplines.
Visual Art	<u> </u>
5. Foundations	Students shall explore and demonstrate an understanding of the concepts, practices, and historical foundations in the visual arts.
6. Creative Processes	Students shall demonstrate creativity using a wide variety of media, techniques, processes, and tools to develop <i>expressive</i> works of art and design.
7. Reflections and Responses	Students shall reflect and respond in a variety of ways to the visual arts of self and the global community.

^{*}Each grade level continues to address earlier Student Learner Expectations as needed and as they apply to more difficult text.

Content Standard 1: Skills and Techniques

THE GC	THE GOAL FOR EACH STUDENT IS PROFICIENCY IN ALL REQUIREMENTS AT CURRENT AND PREVIOUS GRADES.					
	Kindergarten	Grade 1	Grade 2	Grade 3	Grade 4	
Sing	M.1.K.1 Sing a variety of simple songs alone and with others	M.1.1.1 Sing a variety of simple songs alone and with others • steady beat • quarter notes, quarter rests, and paired eighth notes • fast and slow • melodic patterns (e.g., sol-mi/5-3, sol-mi-la/5-3-6) • dynamic levels—forte (f) and piano (p) • duple and triple meter • cumulative songs	M.1.2.1 Sing a varied repertoire alone and with others • steady beat • half notes and half rests • fast and slow • more complex melodic patterns (sol-mi-la-do/5-3-6-1, steps, skips, repeating tones) • dynamic levels—forte (f) and piano (p) • duple and triple meter • call and response	M.1.3.1 Sing a varied repertoire alone and with others • steady beat • dotted half notes • variety of tempi (e.g., allegro, adagio) • more complex melodic patterns (e.g., pentatonic and major scales, steps, skips, leaps, repeating tones) • change in dynamic levels—crescendo and decrescendo • duple and triple meter • rounds	M.1.4.1 Sing a varied repertoire alone and with others • steady beat • whole notes, whole rests, four sixteenth notes, and triplets • variety of tempi changes (e.g., accelerando, ritardando) • more complex melodic patterns (e.g., pentatonic, major, and minor scales) • variety of dynamic levels [e.g., pianissimo (pp), mezzo piano (mp), mezzo forte (mf), fortissimo (ff)] • duple and triple meter • partner songs	

Content Standard 1: Skills and Techniques

THE GO	THE GOAL FOR EACH STUDENT IS PROFICIENCY IN ALL REQUIREMENTS AT CURRENT AND PREVIOUS GRADES.					
	Kindergarten	Grade 1	Grade 2	Grade 3	Grade 4	
Play	M.1.K.2 Play a variety of simple songs alone and with others	M.1.1.2 Play a variety of simple songs alone and with others	M.1.2.2 Play a varied repertoire alone and with others	M.1.3.2 Play a varied repertoire alone and with others	M.1.4.2 Play a varied repertoire alone and with others • steady beat • whole notes and whole rests, four sixteenth notes, and triplets • variety of tempi changes (e.g., accelerando, ritardando) • more complex melodic patterns • variety of dynamic levels [e.g., pianissimo (pp), mezzo piano (mp), mezzo forte (mf), fortissimo (ff)] • duple and triple meter	

Content Standard 1: Skills and Techniques

THE (THE GOAL FOR EACH STUDENT IS PROFICIENCY IN ALL REQUIREMENTS AT CURRENT AND PREVIOUS GRADES.						
	Kindergarten	Grade 1	Grade 2	Grade 3	Grade 4		
Techniques	M.1.K.3 Use correct techniques • speaking, singing, whispering, and calling voices • found sounds • body percussion • classroom instruments	M.1.1.3 Use correct techniques • vocal exploration • found sounds • body percussion • classroom instruments	M.1.2.3 Demonstrate correct techniques • vocal exploration • found sounds • body percussion • classroom instruments • posture—vocal and instrumental	M.1.3.3 Demonstrate correct techniques	M.1.4.3 Demonstrate correct techniques		
	M.1.K.4 Identify the role of a conductor	M.1.1.4 Recognize cues from a conductor	M.1.2.4 Respond to simple conducting patterns	M.1.3.4 Respond to simple conducting patterns	M.1.4.4 Demonstrate and respond to simple conducting patterns		

Content Standard 1: Skills and Techniques

THE GO	THE GOAL FOR EACH STUDENT IS PROFICIENCY IN ALL REQUIREMENTS AT CURRENT AND PREVIOUS GRADES.						
	Kindergarten	Grade 1	Grade 2	Grade 3	Grade 4		
Read	M.1.K.5 Read using icons • steady beat • sound and silence	M.1.1.5 Read • quarter notes, quarter rests, and paired eighth notes • simple melodic patterns (e.g., solmi/ 5-3) • dynamic levels—forte (f) and piano (p)	M.1.2.5 Read • half notes and half rests • melodic patterns (e.g., sol-mi-la/5-3-6, steps, skips, repeating tones) • dynamic levels—forte (f) and piano (p)	M.1.3.5 Read • dotted half notes • variety of tempi (e.g., allegro, adagio) • more complex melodic patterns (e.g., sol-mi-la-dore/5-3-6-1-2, steps, skips, leaps, repeating tones) • change in dynamic levels—crescendo and decrescendo • duple and triple meter	M.1.4.5 Read • whole notes, whole rests, four sixteenth notes, and triplets • variety of tempi changes (e.g., accelerando, ritardando) • more complex melodic patterns (e.g., sol-mi-la-dore/5-3-6-1-2, steps, skips, leaps, repeating tones) • variety of dynamic levels [e.g., pianissimo (pp), mezzo piano (mp), mezzo forte (mf), fortissimo (ff)] • duple and triple meter		

Content Standard 1: Skills and Techniques

THE GC	THE GOAL FOR EACH STUDENT IS PROFICIENCY IN ALL REQUIREMENTS AT CURRENT AND PREVIOUS GRADES.					
	Kindergarten	Grade 1	Grade 2	Grade 3	Grade 4	
Read	M.1.K.6 Identify <i>icons</i> for high and low sounds	M.1.1.6 Distinguish between a note on a line and a note in a space (e.g., two-line staff)	M.1.2.6 Recognize Innes and spaces staff treble clef	M.1.3.6 Name the lines and spaces of the <i>treble</i> clef	M.1.4.6 Name the lines and spaces of the <i>bass clef</i>	
			M.1.2.7 Identify symbols and terms • repeat sign • treble clef • bar line and double bar line • fermata	M.1.3.7 Identify symbols and terms • time signature • first and second endings	M.1.4.7 Identify symbols and terms • bass clef • da capo (D.C.) • dal segno (D.S.) • Coda	
Notate	M.1.K.7 Notate using icons • steady beat • sound and silence	M.1.1.7 Notate • quarter notes, quarter rests, and paired eighth notes	M.1.2.8 Notate • half notes and half rests • dynamic levels—forte (f) and piano (p)	M.1.3.8 Notate	M.1.4.8 Notate • whole notes and whole rests, four sixteenth notes, and triplets • duple and triple meter • time signature • bass clef	

Content Standard 2: Creative Expression

Students shall demonstrate creative expression through music.

THE	THE GOAL FOR EACH STUDENT IS PROFICIENCY IN ALL REQUIREMENTS AT CURRENT AND PREVIOUS GRADES.						
	Kindergarten	Grade 1	Grade 2	Grade 3	Grade 4		
Improvise	M.2.K.1 Improvise short melodic and rhythmic patterns	M.2.1.1 Improvise simple melodic and rhythmic patterns (e.g., pentatonic scale, four beat patterns, chants)	M.2.2.1 Improvise melodic and rhythmic patterns (e.g., call and response)	M.2.3.1 Improvise more complex melodic and rhythmic patterns (e.g., ostinati)	M.2.4.1 Improvise more complex melodic and rhythmic patterns (e.g., question and answer)		
Compose	M.2.K.2 Create sound effects for songs, poems, and/or stories (e.g., found sounds, body percussion, traditional instruments, electronic keyboards, online sound libraries)	M.2.1.2 Create short rhythmic patterns	M.2.2.2 Compose short rhythmic patterns	M.2.3.2 Compose short melodic patterns	M.2.4.2 Compose melodic and rhythmic patterns using musical expression		
Movement	M.2.K.3 Respond to music through movement (e.g., gross motor movement, freestyle)	M.2.1.3 Respond to music through movement (e.g., line and circle games, body percussion)	M.2.2.3 Respond to music through movement (e.g., duple meter, triple meter, musical games)	M.2.3.3 Respond to music through movement (e.g., create movement to tell a story, play parties)	M.2.4.3 Respond to music through movement (e.g., folk and square dances, choreograph a song)		

Content Standard 3: Critical Analysis

Students shall listen to, analyze, describe, and evaluate a variety of music.

THE GO	AL FOR EACH STUDENT	IS PROFICIENCY IN ALL		URRENT AND PREVIOU	JS GRADES.
	Kindergarten	Grade 1	Grade 2	Grade 3	Grade 4
Listen/Analyze	M.3.K.1 Investigate sounds • environmental sounds • voices • classroom instruments	 M.3.1.1 Identify musical sounds vocal and instrumental accompanied and unaccompanied solo and group 	M.3.2.1 Identify musical timbre • individual instruments • male and female • children's voices	M.3.3.1 Identify musical timbre • electronic sounds • individual instruments	M.3.4.1 Identify musical instruments by sight and sound • string • brass • woodwind • percussion • electronic
	M.3.K.2 Recognize musical form • same or different	M.3.1.2 Recognize musical form • patterns • phrase	M.3.2.2 Recognize musical form • verse and refrain • AB • call and response	M.3.3.2 Recognize musical form • ABA	M.3.4.2 Recognize musical form • rondo
	M.3.K.3 Demonstrate appropriate etiquette as a performer and an observer	M.3.1.3 Demonstrate appropriate etiquette as a performer and an observer	M.3.2.3 Demonstrate appropriate etiquette as a performer and an observer	M.3.3.3 Demonstrate appropriate etiquette as a performer and an observer	M.3.4.3 Demonstrate appropriate etiquette as a performer and an observer
Evaluate	M.3.K.4 Identify personal responses to a musical example (e.g., happy, sad)	M.3.1.4 Illustrate personal responses to a musical example	M.3.2.4 Discuss a musical example using applicable musical terms [e.g., fast, slow, piano (p), forte (f)]	M.3.3.4 Describe a musical example using applicable musical elements	M.3.4.4 Evaluate music using a teacher-generated rubric

Content Standard 4: Connections

Students shall demonstrate and apply knowledge of connections between music and other disciplines.

THE GO	THE GOAL FOR EACH STUDENT IS PROFICIENCY IN ALL REQUIREMENTS AT CURRENT AND PREVIOUS GRADES.					
	Kindergarten	Grade 1	Grade 2	Grade 3	Grade 4	
Historical/Cultural	M.4.K.1	M.4.1.1	M.4.2.1	M.4.3.1	M.4.4.1	
	Respond to music	Respond to music	Respond to music	Respond to music	Respond to music	
	from various cultures,	from various cultures,	from various cultures,	from various cultures,	from various cultures,	
	historical periods, and/	historical periods, and/	historical periods, and/	historical periods, and/	historical periods, and/	
	or events (e.g.,	or events (e.g.,	or events (e.g., folk	or events (e.g., folk	or events (e.g., folk	
	lullabies, nursery	marches, nursery	music from around the	music from around the	<i>music</i> , spirituals,	
	rhymes, celebration	rhymes, chants,	world)	world, patriotic songs)	patriotic songs,	
	and holiday songs)	celebration and	listening	• listening	Arkansas songs)	
	• listening	holiday songs)	• singing	• singing	• listening	
	• singing	• listening	moving	moving	• singing	
	moving	• singing	playing	playing	• moving	
	playing	moving playing			playing	
		playing				
	M.4.K.2	M.4.1.2	M.4.2.2	M.4.3.2	M.4.4.2	
	Identify connections	Identify connections	Identify connections	Identify connections	Identify connections	
	between music and	between music and	between music and	between music and	between music and	
	the other fine arts	the other fine arts	the other fine arts	the other fine arts	the other fine arts	
	(e.g., visual art)	between music and	between music and	between music and	between music and	
	between music and	disciplines outside	disciplines outside	disciplines outside	disciplines outside	
	disciplines outside	the arts	the arts	the arts	the arts	
	the arts (e.g.,					
	children's literature)					
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Standard 5: Foundations

Students shall explore and demonstrate an understanding of the concepts, practices, and historical foundations in the visual

	arts.				
THE GOAL FOR E	ACH STUDENT IS PROF	CIENCY IN ALL REQUIF	REMENTS AT CURRENT	AND PREVIOUS GRADE	ES.
	Kindergarten	Grade 1	Grade 2	Grade 3	Grade 4
Elements of Art	VA.5.K.1 Investigate lines	VA.5.1.1 Recognize various lines	VA.5.2.1 Categorize <i>line</i> types (e.g., vertical, horizontal, diagonal, zigzag, curved)	VA.5.3.1 Describe ways <i>line</i> combinations are used to communicate (e.g., <i>line</i> variations as in thick, thin, dashed, broken, rough, smooth)	VA.5.4.1 Discover line concepts and combinations (e.g., implied, contour, textural, gesture, parallel, perpendicular)
	VA.5.K.2 Investigate basic shapes (e.g., circle, square, triangle)	VA.5.1.2 Recognize basic shapes (e.g., circle, square, triangle)	VA.5.2.2 Categorize geometric forms, free forms, and organic shapes	VA.5.3.2 Describe ways shape combinations are used to communicate (e.g., multiple shapes used in drawing complex objects)	VA.5.4.2 Examine shapes as symbols (e.g., logos, stop signs, universal symbols)
		VA.5.1.3 Investigate form	VA.5.2.3 Identify a variety of forms (e.g., sphere, cone, cube)	VA.5.3.3 Differentiate between geometric forms, free forms, and organic forms	VA.5.4.3 Examine form combinations (e.g., sculptural, architectural)

Standard 5: Foundations

Students shall explore and demonstrate an understanding of the concepts, practices, and historical foundations in the visual

THE GOA	THE GOAL FOR EACH STUDENT IS PROFICIENCY IN ALL REQUIREMENTS AT CURRENT AND PREVIOUS GRADES.						
1112 307	Kindergarten	Grade 1	Grade 2	Grade 3	Grade 4		
Elements of Art	VA.5.K.3 Identify basic <i>colors</i>	VA.5.1.4 Identify primary <i>colors</i>	VA.5.2.4 Distinguish between primary and secondary colors on the color wheel and in works of art	VA.5.3.4 Identify <i>color</i> concepts [e.g., <i>intermediate</i> (<i>tertiary</i>), color wheel]	VA.5.4.4 Develop basic color theory (e.g., value, color schemes, color wheel)		
		VA.5.1.5 Experiment with <i>colors</i>	VA.5.2.5 Experiment with <i>color</i> mixing	VA.5.3.5 Experiment with <i>color</i> mixing	VA.5.4.5 Describe ways color combinations are used to communicate emotion and symbolic use (e.g., red means anger or stop)		
	VA.5.K.4 Investigate actual and tactile texture	VA.5.1.6 Identify actual and tactile textures	VA.5.2.6 Investigate actual, tactile, and implied (visual) textures (e.g., texture rubbings)	VA.5.3.6 Distinguish between actual, tactile, and implied (visual) textures	VA.5.4.6 Experiment with the creation of <i>implied</i> and actual texture		
		VA.5.1.7 Identify spatial relationships (e.g., front, back, over, under, beside)	VA.5.2.7 Recognize <i>space</i> and depth (e.g., overlapping, size relationships)	VA.5.3.7 Develop concepts of space and depth (e.g., foreground, middle ground, background, horizon line)	VA.5.4.7 Investigate basic perspective (e.g., overlapping, size relationships, distance)		

Standard 5: Foundations

Students shall explore and demonstrate an understanding of the concepts, practices, and historical foundations in the visual

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	Kindergarten	Grade 1	Grade 2	Grade 3	Grade 4
Principles of Design				VA.5.3.8 Investigate positive and negative <i>space</i>	VA.5.4.8 Identify positive and negative <i>space</i>
				VA.5.3.9 Experiment with <i>value</i>	VA.5.4.9 Investigate value techniques (e.g., cross-hatching, stippling, shading)
	VA.5.K.5 Investigate <i>patterns</i>	VA.5.1.8 Recognize <i>patterns</i>	VA.5.2.8 Identify simple patterns	VA.5.3.10 Identify student- created <i>patterns</i>	VA.5.4.10 Identify complex patterns
			VA.5.2.9 Investigate the connection between patterns and rhythm (e.g., regular, random)	VA.5.3.11 Investigate the connection between pattern and movement (e.g., alternating, progressive)	VA.5.4.11 Investigate the connection of pattern, rhythm, and movement (e.g., regular, random, alternating, progressive, flowing)
	VA.5.K.6 Identify size relationships (e.g., big to little, tall to short)	VA.5.1.9 Investigate proportion and scale in shapes (e.g., large to small)	VA.5.2.10 Recognize <i>scale</i> between objects	VA.5.3.12 Compare and contrast scale between objects	VA.5.4.12 Identify proportions and scale (e.g., portraits)

Standard 5: Foundations

Students shall explore and demonstrate an understanding of the concepts, practices, and historical foundations in the visual

arts. LEODEACH STUDENT	IS DECEMBED IN A	LL DECLUDEMENTS AT	CLIDDENT AND DDEVIO	HE CDADES
				Grade 4
randorganon	Siddo i	Siddo 2	VA.5.3.13 Recognize proportion within objects	VA.5.4.13 Compare and contrast proportion within an object (e.g., general, exaggerated)
		VA.5.2.11 Recognize symmetrical balance	VA.5.3.14 Recognize symmetrical balance	VA.5.4.14 Recognize <i>radial</i> <i>balance</i>
				VA.5.4.15 Investigate <i>harmony</i> and <i>unity</i> in works of art
				VA.5.4.16 Investigate <i>variety</i> in a work of art
			VA.5.3.15 Investigate the center of interest as emphasis in a work of art	VA.5.4.17 Examine the center of interest as emphasis in a work of art
		L FOR EACH STUDENT IS PROFICIENCY IN A	Kindergarten Grade 1 Grade 2 VA.5.2.11 Recognize	FOR EACH STUDENT IS PROFICIENCY IN ALL REQUIREMENTS AT CURRENT AND PREVIO Kindergarten

Standard 5: Foundations

Students shall explore and demonstrate an understanding of the concepts, practices, and historical foundations in the visual

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THE GO	THE GOAL FOR EACH STUDENT IS PROFICIENCY IN ALL REQUIREMENTS AT CURRENT AND PREVIOUS GRADES.						
	Kindergarten	Grade 1	Grade 2	Grade 3	Grade 4		
Historical	VA.5.K.7	VA.5.1.10	VA.5.2.12	VA.5.3.16	VA.5.4.18		
Foundations	Name various purposes for creating art (e.g., beauty, functional, enjoyment, fun, careers, environmental)	Name various purposes for creating art (e.g., beauty, functional, enjoyment, fun, careers, environmental)	Provide examples of various purposes for creating art (e.g., aesthetic, functional, historical, cultural, therapeutic, social, enjoyment, career, environmental)	Demonstrate an understanding of various purposes for creating art (e.g., aesthetic, functional, historical, cultural, therapeutic, social, enjoyment, careers, environmental)	Demonstrate an understanding of various purposes for creating art (e.g., aesthetic, functional, historical, cultural, therapeutic, social, enjoyment, careers, environmental)		
Practices/Skill Development	VA.5.K.8 Demonstrate responsibility, conservation, and proper and safe use of tools, materials, and equipment	VA.5.1.11 Demonstrate responsibility, conservation, and proper and safe use of tools, materials, and equipment	VA.5.2.13 Demonstrate responsibility, conservation, and proper and safe use of tools, materials, and equipment	VA.5.3.17 Demonstrate responsibility, conservation, and proper and safe use of tools, materials, and equipment	VA.5.4.19 Demonstrate responsibility, conservation, and proper and safe use of tools, materials, and equipment		

Standard 6: Creative Processes

Students shall demonstrate creativity using a wide variety of media, techniques, processes, and tools to develop expressive

THE GOA	AL FOR EACH STUDENT	THE GOAL FOR EACH STUDENT IS PROFICIENCY IN ALL REQUIREMENTS AT CURRENT AND PREVIOUS GRADES.				
	Kindergarten	Grade 1	Grade 2	Grade 3	Grade 4	
Media and Processes (2-D)	VA.6.K.1 Experiment with mark making using various wet and dry media	VA.6.1.1 Practice representational mark making using various wet and dry media	VA.6.2.1 Develop representational mark making skills using various wet and dry media	VA.6.3.1 Develop detailed representational and imaginative drawings using mark making skills with various wet and dry media	VA.6.4.1 Create a detailed representational or imaginary drawing using mark making with various wet and dry media	
		VA.6.1.2 Experiment with grade-level appropriate elements of art and principles of design in a 2-D product • painting • printmaking • drawing	VA.6.2.2 Develop skill in using grade-level appropriate elements of art and principles of design in a 2-D product • painting • printmaking • drawing	VA.6.3.2 Arrange grade-level appropriate elements of art and principles of design in a 2-D product • painting • printmaking • drawing	VA.6.4.2 Combine grade-level appropriate elements of art and principles of design in a 2-D product • painting • printmaking • drawing	
Media and Processes (3-D)	VA.6.K.2 Experiment with various media and techniques in producing a 3-D project (e.g., modeling, assemblage)	VA.6.1.3 Experiment with grade-level appropriate elements of art and principles of design in producing a 3-D project • modeling (e.g., Play-Doh, clay, salt flour, Model Magic)	VA.6.2.3 Produce a 3-D project using grade-level appropriate elements of art and principles of design • relief (e.g., papiermâché, found objects, yarn, glue, pasta)	VA.6.3.3 Produce a 3-D project using grade-level appropriate elements of art and principles of design • assemblage (e.g., found objects, paper, cardboard, pipe cleaners)	VA.6.4.3 Produce a 3-D project using grade-level appropriate elements of art and principles of design • in-the-round (e.g., mobiles, stabiles, clay)	

Standard 6: Creative Processes

Students shall demonstrate creativity using a wide variety of media, techniques, processes, and tools to develop *expressive*

THE GOAL FOR EACH STUDENT IS PROFICIENCY IN ALL REQUIREMENTS AT CURRENT AND PREVIOUS GRADES.						
THE GOA						
	Kindergarten	Grade 1	Grade 2	Grade 3	Grade 4	
Other Media/Mixed		VA.6.1.4	VA.6.2.4	VA.6.3.4	VA.6.4.4	
Media		Experiment with	Experiment with	Develop skills	Produce projects	
		various alternative and	various alternative and	incorporating various	using alternative and	
		traditional techniques	traditional techniques	alternative and	traditional techniques	
		and media (e.g., <i>fiber</i>	and media (e.g., fiber	traditional techniques	and media (e.g., fiber	
		arts, collage,	arts, collage,	and media (e.g., fiber	arts, collage,	
		technology, paper	technology, paper	arts, collage,	technology, paper	
		making)	making)	technology, paper	making, paper	
				making, paper	marbleizing, scratch	
				marbleizing)	art, basket weaving)	
Artistic	VA.6.K.3	VA.6.1.5	VA.6.2.5	VA.6.3.5	VA.6.4.5	
Expression/	Produce artwork that	Produce artwork that	Produce artwork that	Produce artwork that	Produce artwork that	
Creative Concepts	involves problem	involves problem	involves problem	involves problem	involves problem	
	solving (e.g.,	solving (e.g.,	solving (e.g.,	solving (e.g.,	solving (e.g.,	
	brainstorming,	brainstorming,	brainstorming,	brainstorming,	brainstorming,	
	practice)	practice, sketches)	practice, sketches,	practice, drafts,	practice, drafts,	
			models)	sketches, models)	sketches, models)	
	VA.6.K.4	VA.6.1.6	VA.6.2.6	VA.6.3.6	VA.6.4.6	
	Use symbols to	Use symbols to	Select subject matter,	Select subject matter,	Select subject matter,	
	communicate meaning	communicate meaning	symbols, and/or ideas	symbols, and/or ideas	symbols, and/or ideas	
			to communicate	to communicate	to communicate	
			meaning	meaning	meaning	

Standard 6: Creative Processes

Students shall demonstrate creativity using a wide variety of media, techniques, processes, and tools to develop expressive

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	Kindergarten Grade 1 Grade 2 Grade 3 Grade 4					
Artistic	VA.6.K.5	VA.6.1.7	VA.6.2.7	VA.6.3.7	VA.6.4.7	
Expression/	Use a variety of stimuli	Use a variety of stimuli	Use a variety of stimuli	Use a variety of stimuli	Use a variety of stimuli	
Creative Concepts	to produce a work of	to produce a work of	to produce a work of	to produce a work of	to produce a work of	
	art (e.g., local and	art (e.g., local and	art (e.g., local and	art (e.g., local and	art (e.g., local and	
	diverse cultures,	diverse cultures,	diverse cultures,	diverse cultures,	diverse cultures,	
	styles, periods of art,	styles, periods of art,	styles, periods of art,	styles, periods of art,	styles, periods of art,	
	global issues, past,	global issues, past,	global issues, past,	global issues, past,	global issues, past,	
	present, future)	present, future)	present, future)	present, future)	present, future)	
	VA.6.K.6	VA.6.1.8	VA.6.2.8	VA.6.3.8	VA.6.4.8	
	Transfer ideas and	Transfer ideas and	Transfer ideas and	Transfer ideas and	Transfer ideas and	
	feelings to others	feelings to others	feelings to others	feelings to others	feelings to others	
	through original works	through original works	through original works	through original works	through original works	
	of self-expression	of self-expression	of self-expression	of self-expression	of self-expression	
	VA.6.K.7	VA.6.1.9	VA.6.2.9	VA.6.3.9	VA.6.4.9	
	Produce artwork	Produce artwork	Produce artwork	Produce artwork	Produce artwork	
	inspired by or	inspired by or	inspired by or	inspired by or	inspired by or	
	connected to content	connected to content	connected to content	connected to content	connected to content	
	from other disciplines	from other disciplines	from other disciplines	from other disciplines	from other disciplines	
	(e.g., social studies,	(e.g., social studies,	(e.g., social studies,	(e.g., social studies,	(e.g., social studies,	
	literacy, performing	literacy, performing	literacy, performing	literacy, performing	literacy, performing	
	arts, science, math)	arts, science, math)	arts, science, math)	arts, science, math)	arts, science, math)	

Standard 6: Creative Processes

Students shall demonstrate creativity using a wide variety of media, techniques, processes, and tools to develop *expressive*

THE COA	THE GOAL FOR EACH STUDENT IS PROFICIENCY IN ALL REQUIREMENTS AT CURRENT AND PREVIOUS GRADES.					
THE GOA						
	Kindergarten	Grade 1	Grade 2	Grade 3	Grade 4	
Artistic	VA.6.K.8	VA.6.1.10	VA.6.2.10	VA.6.3.10	VA.6.4.10	
Expression/	Create works of art	Create works of art	Create works of art	Create works of art	Create works of art	
Creative Concepts	using a variety of	using a variety of	using a variety of	using a variety of	using a variety of	
	collaborative methods	collaborative methods	collaborative methods	collaborative methods	collaborative methods	
	(e.g., small and whole	(e.g., small and whole	(e.g., small and whole	(e.g., small and whole	(e.g., small and whole	
	groups,	groups,	groups,	groups,	groups,	
	interdisciplinary)	interdisciplinary)	interdisciplinary)	interdisciplinary)	interdisciplinary)	
	, , ,	, , , ,	, , , ,	, ,,	, , ,	

Standard 7: Reflections and Responses

Students shall reflect and respond in a variety of ways to the visual arts of self and the global community.

THE GOA	AL FOR EACH STUDENT	IS PROFICIENCY IN AL	· ·		,
	Kindergarten	Grade 1	Grade 2	Grade 3	Grade 4
Historical/ Multicultural/ Global Perspectives			VA.7.2.1 Recognize the importance of art in history and <i>heritage</i>	VA.7.3.1 Recognize the importance of art in history and <i>heritage</i>	VA.7.4.1 Discuss the importance of art in history and <i>heritage</i>
				VA.7.3.2 Examine the styles of art throughout time	VA.7.4.2 Examine the styles and historical periods of art throughout time
			VA.7.2.2 Recognize works of art using common themes across different time periods	VA.7.3.3 Recognize works of art using common themes across different time periods	VA.7.4.3 Compare and contrast works of art using common themes across different time periods (e.g., pyramids in Egypt and Peru)
	VA.7.K.1 Examine the purpose of art in the local and global community (e.g., events, traditions, celebrations, customs)	VA.7.1.1 Examine the purpose of art in the local and global community (e.g., events, traditions, celebrations, customs)	VA.7.2.3 Recognize art as creative expression in different cultures, places, and times (e.g., local and global community events, traditions, celebrations, customs)	VA.7.3.4 Recognize art as creative expression in different cultures, places, and times (e.g., local and global community events, traditions, celebrations, customs)	VA.7.4.4 Recognize art as creative expression in different cultures, places, and times (e.g., local and global community events, traditions, celebrations, customs)

Standard 7: Reflections and Responses

Students shall reflect and respond in a variety of ways to the visual arts of self and the global community.

THE GO	THE GOAL FOR EACH STUDENT IS PROFICIENCY IN ALL REQUIREMENTS AT CURRENT AND PREVIOUS GRADES.					
	Kindergarten	Grade 1	Grade 2	Grade 3	Grade 4	
Art Criticism	VA.7.K.2	VA.7.1.2	VA.7.2.4	VA.7.3.5	VA.7.4.5	
	Tell about personal	Tell about personal	Discuss personal	Explain personal	Examine personal	
	artwork and works of	artwork and works of	artwork and the works	artwork and the works	artwork and the works	
	others (e.g., famous artists, appropriate elements of art, subject matter)	others (e.g., famous artists, appropriate elements of art, subject matter)	of others (e.g., famous artists, appropriate <i>elements</i> of art, subject matter)	of others (e.g., famous artists, appropriate <i>elements</i> of art, subject matter)	of others (e.g., distinguish parallels, famous artists, appropriate elements of art, subject matter, aesthetics, individual styles, relationships to other disciplines)	
Technologies/ Media					VA.7.4.6 Discuss ways media reflects contemporary culture and art across the globe (e.g., comic books, graphic novels, blogs, commercials, photography, video)	

Standard 7: Reflections and Responses

Students shall reflect and respond in a variety of ways to the visual arts of self and the global community.

THE GO	THE GOAL FOR EACH STUDENT IS PROFICIENCY IN ALL REQUIREMENTS AT CURRENT AND PREVIOUS GRADES.					
	Kindergarten	Grade 1	Grade 2	Grade 3	Grade 4	
Portfolios/Exhibits	VA.7.K.3 Exhibit artwork	VA.7.1.3 Exhibit artwork	VA.7.2.5 Exhibit artwork	VA.7.3.6 Participate in the exhibition process (e.g., select, plan, display, judge)	VA.7.4.7 Participate in the exhibition process (e.g., select, plan, display, judge, promote)	
		VA.7.1.4 Collect personal artwork	VA.7.2.6 Collect personal artwork	VA.7.3.7 Select artwork to be included in a <i>portfolio</i>	VA.7.4.8 Build and assess a portfolio (e.g., individual, classroom trading cards, gradelevel, technological, digital)	

Content Standard 1: Skills and Techniques

THE GO	THE GOAL FOR EACH STUDENT IS PROFICIENCY IN ALL REQUIREMENTS AT CURRENT AND PREVIOUS GRADES.					
	Grade 5	Grade 6	Grade 7	Grade 8		
Sing	M.1.5.1 Sing a varied repertoire alone and with others • steady beat • eighth note and sixteenth note patterns • variety of tempi (e.g., andante, moderato) • major tonalities • dynamic levels— pianissimo (pp), piano (p), mezzo piano (mp), mezzo forte (mf), forte (f), and fortissimo (ff) • change in dynamic levels— crescendo and decrescendo 3 4 4 meters • countermelodies	 M.1.6.1 Sing a varied repertoire alone and with others steady beat pattern of a dotted quarter note followed by an eighth note or eighth rest variety of tempi (e.g., lento, presto) major and minor tonalities various dynamic levels 4 and 6 meter more complex forms and harmonies (e.g., two-part lines, twelve-bar blues) 	M.1.7.1 Sing a varied repertoire alone and with others • steady beat • pattern of a dotted eighth note followed by a sixteenth note or sixteenth rest • variety of tempi (e.g., grave, vivace) • major and minor tonalities • various dynamic levels 2, or cut time, meter • more complex forms and harmonies (e.g., theme and variations, three-part lines)	M.1.8.1 Sing a varied repertoire alone and with others • steady beat • syncopation • variety of tempi • major and minor tonalities • various dynamic levels • compound and mixed meter • more complex forms and harmonies		

Content Standard 1: Skills and Techniques

THE GC	AL FOR EACH STUDENT IS	PROFICIENCY IN ALL REQUIRE	EMENTS AT CURRENT AND PR	REVIOUS GRADES.
	Grade 5	Grade 6	Grade 7	Grade 8
Play	M.1.5.2 Play a varied repertoire alone and with others • steady beat • eighth note and sixteenth note patterns • variety of tempi (e.g., andante, moderato) • major tonalities • dynamic levels— pianissimo (pp), piano (p), mezzo piano (mp), mezzo forte (mf), forte (f), and fortissimo (ff) • change in dynamic levels— crescendo and decrescendo 3 4 4 meters	 M.1.6.2 Play a varied repertoire alone and with others steady beat pattern of a dotted quarter note followed by an eighth note or eighth rest variety of tempi (e.g., lento, presto) major and minor tonalities various dynamic levels 2 and 6 meters more complex forms and harmonies (e.g., two-part lines, twelve-bar blues) 	M.1.7.2 Play a varied repertoire alone and with others • steady beat • pattern of a dotted eighth note followed by a sixteenth note or sixteenth rest • variety of tempi (e.g., grave, vivace) • major and minor tonalities • various dynamic levels 2, or cut time, meter • more complex forms and harmonies (e.g., theme and variations, three-part lines)	M.1.8.2 Play a varied repertoire alone and with others

Content Standard 1: Skills and Techniques

THE GO	THE GOAL FOR EACH STUDENT IS PROFICIENCY IN ALL REQUIREMENTS AT CURRENT AND PREVIOUS GRADES.				
	Grade 5	Grade 6	Grade 7	Grade 8	
Techniques	M.1.5.3 Refine correct techniques • vocal exploration • found sounds • body percussion • classroom instruments • posture—vocal and instrumental	M.1.6.3 Refine correct techniques • vocal exploration • found sounds • body percussion • classroom instruments • posture—vocal and instrumental	M.1.7.3 Refine correct techniques • vocal exploration • found sounds • body percussion • classroom instruments • posture—vocal and instrumental	M.1.8.3 Refine correct techniques • vocal exploration • found sounds • body percussion • classroom instruments • posture—vocal and instrumental	
	 breathing phrasing articulation M.1.5.4 Demonstrate and respond	 breathing phrasing articulation M.1.6.4 Interpret and respond to a	 breathing phrasing articulation M.1.7.4 Interpret and respond to a	 breathing phrasing articulation M.1.8.4 Interpret and respond to	
	to simple conducting patterns	conductor	conductor	artistic conducting	

Content Standard 1: Skills and Techniques

THE (GOAL FOR EACH STUDENT IS PE	ROFICIENCY IN ALL REQUIRE		
	Grade 5	Grade 6	Grade 7	Grade 8
Read	M.1.5.5 Read • eighth note and sixteenth note patterns • variety of tempi (e.g., andante, moderato) • more complex melodic patterns (e.g., do-re-mifa-sol-la-ti-do/1-2-3-4-5-6-7-8, major scale) • dynamic levels—pianissimo (pp), piano (p), mezzo piano (mp), mezzo forte (mf), forte (f), and fortissimo (ff) • change in dynamic level—crescendo, decrescendo 3 4 4 meters	 M.1.6.5 Read pattern of a dotted quarter note followed by an eighth note or eighth rest variety of tempi (e.g., lento, presto) melodic patterns that include accidentals various dynamic levels ²/₄ and ⁶/₈ meters various forms and harmonies (e.g., two-part lines, twelve-bar blues) 	M.1.7.5 Read • pattern of a dotted eighth note followed by a sixteenth note or sixteenth rest • variety of tempi (e.g., grave, vivace) • various dynamic levels 2 , or cut time, meter • more complex forms and harmonies (e.g., theme and variations, three-part lines) • the intervals within the staff (e.g., Major 6, Perfect 5, Perfect 4, Major 3, Major 2, octave)	M.1.8.5 Read • syncopation • variety of tempi • various dynamic levels • compound and mixed meter • more complex forms and harmonies • the intervals within the staff (e.g., Major 6, Perfect 5, Perfect 4, Major 3, Major 2, octave)
	M.1.5.6 Identify notes written on the lines and spaces of the treble clef and bass clef	M.1.6.6 Identify <i>notes</i> written on the lines, spaces, and ledger lines of the <i>treble clef</i> and <i>bass clef</i>	M.1.7.6 Identify <i>notes</i> written on the lines and spaces of the <i>grand staff</i>	M.1.8.6 Identify <i>notes</i> written on the lines, spaces, and ledger lines of the <i>grand staff</i>

Content Standard 1: Skills and Techniques

THE GO	THE GOAL FOR EACH STUDENT IS PROFICIENCY IN ALL REQUIREMENTS AT CURRENT AND PREVIOUS GRADES.				
	Grade 5	Grade 6	Grade 7	Grade 8	
Read	M.1.5.7 Apply knowledge of symbols and terms in reading music • repeat sign • treble clef • bass clef • bar line and double bar line • time signatures • fermata • simple key signatures	M.1.6.7 Apply knowledge of symbols and terms in reading music • accidentals • first and second endings • da capo (D.C.) • dal segno (D.S.) • Coda	M.1.7.7 Apply knowledge of symbols and terms in reading music • additional key signatures • grand staff	M.1.8.7 Apply knowledge of symbols and terms in reading music • multiple key signatures within a composition	
Notate	M.1.5.8 Notate • eighth <i>note</i> and sixteenth <i>note</i> patterns • $\frac{3}{4}$ and $\frac{4}{4}$ time signatures	M.1.6.8 Notate • pattern of a dotted quarter note followed by an eighth note or eighth rest • $\frac{2}{4}$ and $\frac{6}{8}$ time signatures	M.1.7.8 Notate • pattern of a dotted eighth note followed by a sixteenth note or sixteenth rest • 2/2, or cut time, time signature	M.1.8.8 Notate • syncopation	

Content Standard 2: Creative Expression

Students shall demonstrate creative expression through music.

THE GOAL FOR EACH STUDENT IS PROFICIENCY IN ALL REQUIREMENTS AT CURRENT AND PREVIOUS GRADES.					
	Grade 5	Grade 6	Grade 7	Grade 8	
Improvise	M.2.5.1 Improvise rhythmic variations on familiar melodies	M.2.6.1 Improvise rhythms, melodies, and/or accompaniments	M.2.7.1 Improvise using a variety of sound sources (e.g., computer, electronic sounds)	M.2.8.1 Improvise rhythmic and melodic variations in a given style and meter (e.g., reggae, blues)	
Compose/Arrange	M.2.5.2 Compose a four-measure phrase	M.2.6.2 Compose a four-measure phrase with accompaniment	M.2.7.2 Compose an original melodic line with accompaniment	M.2.8.2 Compose an original song using various instruments	
	M.2.5.3 Arrange familiar songs using musical expression	M.2.6.3 Arrange familiar songs with accompaniment	M.2.7.3 Arrange unfamiliar songs using musical expression	M.2.8.3 Arrange unfamiliar songs with accompaniment	
Movement	M.2.5.4 Respond to music through movement (e.g., traditional and <i>improvised</i> conducting patterns)	M.2.6.4 Respond to music through movement (e.g., create movement to outline musical form)	M.2.7.4 Respond to music through movement (e.g., create choreography to songs for performance)	M.2.8.4 Respond to music through movement (e.g., create a song along with movement to teach to younger students)	

Content Standard 3: Critical Analysis

Students shall listen to, analyze, and evaluate a variety of music.

THE GC	PAL FOR EACH STUDENT IS PR	ROFICIENCY IN ALL REQUIRE		REVIOUS GRADES.
	Grade 5	Grade 6	Grade 7	Grade 8
Listen/Analyze	M.3.5.1 Identify musical instruments by sight and sound • string • brass • woodwind • percussion • electronic	M.3.6.1 Identify musical timbre	M.3.7.1 Identify musical sounds • electronic • non-traditional • genres (e.g., women's ensemble, men's ensemble)	M.3.8.1 Distinguish musical sounds • western and non-western • traditional and non-traditional • cross cultural
	M.3.5.2 Recognize musical form • theme and variations	 solo small groups large ensemble M.3.6.3 Compare and contrast musical forms popular and imitative forms twelve-bar blues 	M.3.7.2 Analyze various musical forms	M.3.8.2 Analyze various musical forms
	M.3.5.3 Demonstrate appropriate etiquette as a performer and an observer	M.3.6.4 Demonstrate appropriate etiquette as a performer and an observer	M.3.7.3 Demonstrate appropriate etiquette as a performer and an observer	M.3.8.3 Demonstrate appropriate etiquette as a performer and an observer
Evaluate	M.3.5.4 Evaluate performances and compositions using a student-generated rubric	M.3.6.5 Evaluate performances and compositions using a student-generated rubric	M.3.7.4 Evaluate performances and compositions using a student-generated rubric	M.3.8.4 Evaluate performances and compositions using a student-generated rubric

Content Standard 4: Connections

Students shall demonstrate and apply knowledge of connections between music and other disciplines.

THE GO	AL FOR EACH STUDENT IS P	ROFICIENCY IN ALL REQUIRE		
	Grade 5	Grade 6	Grade 7	Grade 8
Historical/ Cultural	M.4.5.1 Respond to music from various cultures, historical periods, and/or events (e.g., world music, folk music, jazz, spirituals) • listening • singing • moving • playing	M.4.6.1 Respond to music from various cultures, historical periods, and/or events (e.g., popular, <i>Classical</i>) • <i>listening</i> • singing • moving • playing	M.4.7.1 Investigate music from various cultures, historical periods, and/or events (e.g., singing, <i>listening</i> , researching)	M.4.8.1 Investigate music from various cultures, historical periods, and/or events (e.g., singing, listening, researching)
	 M.4.5.2 Identify connections between music and the other fine arts (e.g., theatre, ballet) between music and disciplines outside the arts (e.g., social studies) 	 M.4.6.2 Identify connections between music and the other fine arts between music and disciplines outside the arts 	 M.4.7.2 Identify connections between music and the other fine arts between music and disciplines outside the arts 	 M.4.8.2 Identify connections between music and the other fine arts between music and disciplines outside the arts
Research	M.4.5.3 Research career opportunities in music (e.g., business, education, performance, music therapy, technology)	M.4.6.3 Research career opportunities in music (e.g., business, education, performance, music therapy, technology)	M.4.7.3 Research career opportunities in music (e.g., business, education, performance, music therapy, technology)	M.4.8.3 Research career opportunities in music (e.g., business, education, performance, music therapy, technology)

Standard 5: Foundations

Students shall explore and demonstrate an understanding of the concepts, practices, and historical foundations in the

isual arts.

	visual arts.				
THE GO	AL FOR EACH STUDENT IS PE				
	Grade 5	Grade 6	Grade 7	Grade 8	
Elements of Art	VA.5.5.1	VA.5.6.1	VA.5.7.1	VA.5.8.1	
	Demonstrate knowledge of qualities of <i>line</i> and <i>line</i> variations (e.g., <i>implied line</i> ,	Develop variations of <i>line</i> types and <i>line</i> qualities	Use various types of <i>lines</i> in a work of art	Demonstrate the application of <i>line characteristics</i> in a work of art	
	line as texture and pattern) VA.5.5.2	VA 5 0 0	VA 5 7 0	VA 5 0 0	
	Compare and contrast the physical relationships of shapes and forms (e.g., 2-D nets or templates, positive and negative space)	VA.5.6.2 Identify 3-D form in 2-D work using the elements of space (e.g., positive and negative) and value (e.g., shadows and light)	VA.5.7.2 Demonstrate knowledge of various categories of 2-D shapes and 3-D forms (e.g., curved and angular, sculpture in-the-round, relief)	VA.5.8.2 Apply knowledge of 2-D shapes and 3-D forms in artworks (e.g., develop shapes into forms)	
	VA.5.5.3 Demonstrate knowledge of the color wheel and <i>color</i> values	VA.5.6.3 Demonstrate knowledge of color relationships from the color wheel (e.g., warm and cool color schemes)	VA.5.7.3 Demonstrate knowledge of color schemes in a work of art (e.g., monochromatic, analogous, complementary)	VA.5.8.3 Apply knowledge of specific formal <i>color</i> relationships (e.g., <i>color schemes, split</i> <i>complementary, triads, color</i> <i>juxtaposition</i>)	
	VA.5.5.4 Identify other elements of art as components of texture (e.g., use of line in crosshatching)	VA.5.6.4 Demonstrate texturing techniques to enhance artwork	VA.5.7.4 Analyze various <i>textures</i> in the <i>environment</i> and artists' work		
			VA.5.7.5 Use implied texture to simulate actual texture from the environment	VA.5.8.4 Replicate simulated or implied texture using appropriate media choices	

Standard 5: Foundations

Students shall explore and demonstrate an understanding of the concepts, practices, and historical foundations in the

visual arts.

THE CO	visual arts. THE GOAL FOR EACH STUDENT IS PROFICIENCY IN ALL REQUIREMENTS AT CURRENT AND PREVIOUS GRADES.					
I THE GO	Grade 5	Grade 6	Grade 7	Grade 8		
Elements of Art	VA.5.5.5 Investigate artists' use of various perspective techniques	VA.5.6.5 Investigate various perspective techniques (e.g., linear, atmospheric)	VA.5.7.6 Demonstrate techniques used to create spatial relationships (e.g., atmospheric perspective, linear perspective)	VA.5.8.5 Create a sense of depth in an artwork by combining linear and atmospheric perspectives		
	VA.5.5.6 Demonstrate knowledge of value (e.g., gradation)	VA.5.6.6 Demonstrate knowledge of value to create form (e.g., sphere, cone, cube, cylinder, pyramid)	VA.5.7.7 Demonstrate full range of value in a work of art	VA.5.8.6 Demonstrate application of value from direct observation to show contrast		
Principles of Design	VA.5.5.7 Use previous knowledge to explore complex <i>patterns</i> (e.g., <i>random</i> , band, border, row, grid, <i>tessellations</i>)	VA.5.6.7 Demonstrate knowledge of complex <i>patterns</i> which occur in the <i>environment</i> and in works of art (e.g., row, grid, half drop, <i>tessellations</i>)	VA.5.7.8 Demonstrate knowledge of complex patterns which occur in the environment and in works of art (e.g., grid, Fibonacci patterns, fractals, tessellations)	VA.5.8.7 Demonstrate knowledge of complex patterns which occur in the environment and in works of art (e.g., grid, radial, alternating, Fibonacci patterns, fractals, tessellations)		
	VA.5.5.8 Recognize visual <i>rhythm</i> in works of art (e.g., <i>alternating</i> , <i>progressive</i> , <i>directional</i> , spatial, <i>Op Art</i>)	VA.5.6.8 Demonstrate various types of <i>movement</i> and <i>rhythm</i> in works of art (e.g., actual <i>movement</i> , recorded action)	VA.5.7.9 Demonstrate various types of movement and rhythm within works of art (e.g., compositional movement)	VA.5.8.8 Demonstrate various types of <i>movement</i> and <i>rhythm</i> within works of art (e.g., illusion, flowing, <i>alternating</i> , <i>progressive</i> , unexpected)		

Standard 5: Foundations

Students shall explore and demonstrate an understanding of the concepts, practices, and historical foundations in the

visual arts.

THE GO	visuai arts. DAL FOR EACH STUDENT IS Pf	ROFICIENCY IN ALL REQUIRE	MENTS AT CURRENT AND PR	REVIOUS GRADES
1112 00	Grade 5	Grade 6	Grade 7	Grade 8
Principles of Design	VA.5.5.9 Demonstrate knowledge of proportion and scale (e.g., still life, landscape)	VA.5.6.9 Demonstrate knowledge of proportion and scale (e.g., exaggerated proportions, caricature, cartooning)	VA.5.7.10 Explain the impact of proportion and scale in works of art (e.g., architectural renderings, blueprints)	VA.5.8.9 Analyze the use of proportion and scale in works of art (e.g., figurative, facial, architecture)
	VA.5.5.10 Recognize asymmetrical balance	VA.5.6.10 Distinguish among types of balance (e.g., symmetrical, asymmetrical, radial)	VA.5.7.11 Categorize different types of balance in works of art and in the environment	VA.5.8.10 Demonstrate an understanding of different types of <i>balance</i> used to communicate feelings and ideas in works of art
	VA.5.5.11 Recognize <i>harmony</i> and <i>unity</i> in works of art	VA.5.6.11 Locate <i>harmony</i> and <i>unity</i> in works of art	VA.5.7.12 Identify the use of the elements of art to unify a work of art	VA.5.8.11 Identify the use of the elements of art to unify a work of art
	VA.5.5.12 Describe <i>variety</i> in a work of art	VA.5.6.12 Identify the <i>elements of art</i> used to create <i>variety</i> in a work of art	VA.5.7.13 Identify the <i>elements of art</i> used to create <i>variety</i> in a work of art	VA.5.8.12 Evaluate the effective use of elements of art to create variety in a work of art
	VA.5.5.13 Identify use of a focal point as a way to create emphasis in works of art	VA.5.6.13 Identify a variety of ways to create <i>emphasis</i> in works of art	VA.5.7.14 Examine the use of <i>contrast</i> to create <i>emphasis</i> in works of art	VA.5.8.13 Recognize ways to achieve emphasis (e.g., placement, contrast, detail, size, grouping)

Standard 5: Foundations

Students shall explore and demonstrate an understanding of the concepts, practices, and historical foundations in the

visual arts.

THE O	THE GOAL FOR EACH STUDENT IS PROFICIENCY IN ALL REQUIREMENTS AT CURRENT AND PREVIOUS GRADES.					
THE GO	•					
	Grade 5	Grade 6	Grade 7	Grade 8		
Historical	VA.5.5.14	VA.5.6.14	VA.5.7.15	VA.5.8.14		
Foundations	Recognize the importance of art history in relation to the artistic process	Recognize the importance of art history in relation to the artistic process	Relate the importance of art history to the artistic process	Research and analyze selected works of art and observe changes in media, styles, and techniques over time		
	VA.5.5.15 Demonstrate an understanding for the various purposes for creating art (e.g., aesthetic, functional, historical, cultural, therapeutic, social, enjoyment, careers, environmental)	VA.5.6.15 Demonstrate an understanding for the various purposes for creating art (e.g., aesthetic, functional, historical, cultural, therapeutic, social, enjoyment, careers, environmental)	VA.5.7.16 Demonstrate an understanding for the various purposes for creating art (e.g., aesthetic, functional, historical, cultural, therapeutic, social, enjoyment, careers, environmental)	VA.5.8.15 Demonstrate an understanding for the various purposes for creating art (e.g., aesthetic, functional, historical, cultural, therapeutic, social, enjoyment, careers, environmental)		
Practices/Skill Development	VA.5.5.16 Demonstrate responsibility, conservation, and proper and safe use of tools, materials, and equipment	VA.5.6.16 Demonstrate responsibility, conservation, and proper and safe use of tools, materials, and equipment	VA.5.7.17 Demonstrate responsibility, conservation, and proper and safe use of tools, materials, and equipment	VA.5.8.16 Demonstrate responsibility, conservation, and proper and safe use of tools, materials, and equipment		

Standard 6: Creative Processes

Students shall demonstrate creativity using a wide variety of media, techniques, processes, and tools to develop *expressive*

	works of art and design.			
THE GC	AL FOR EACH STUDENT IS PE	ROFICIENCY IN ALL REQUIRE	MENTS AT CURRENT AND PR	EVIOUS GRADES.
	Grade 5	Grade 6	Grade 7	Grade 8
Media and	VA.6.5.1	VA.6.6.1	VA.6.7.1	VA.6.8.1
Processes (2-D)	Practice contour and gesture drawings	Practice contour and gesture drawings	Render contour and gesture drawings as preliminary sketches or as finished products	Render contour and gesture drawings as preliminary sketches or as finished products
	VA.6.5.2 Create light, medium, and dark <i>values</i> using wet and dry media	VA.6.6.2 Create light, medium, and dark <i>values</i> using wet and dry media	VA.6.7.2 Create a full range of <i>value</i> using wet and dry media (e.g., cross-hatching, hatching, stippling)	VA.6.8.2 Create a work of art from direct observation using gradation in wet and dry media
	VA.6.5.3 Create various surface qualities using any dry medium	VA.6.6.3 Create various surface qualities using any wet medium	VA.6.7.3 Create various surface qualities using any medium	VA.6.8.3 Simulate various surface qualities from <i>direct</i> observation in any medium
	VA.6.5.4 Experiment with spatial relationships (e.g., <i>visual measurements</i> , figure, facial, linear perspective, drawings from <i>direct observation</i>)	VA.6.6.4 Experiment with spatial relationships (e.g., <i>visual measurements</i> , figure, facial, linear perspective, drawings from <i>direct observation</i>)	VA.6.7.4 Apply the knowledge of spatial relationships to create a work of art (e.g., <i>visual measurements</i> , figure, facial, linear perspective, drawings from <i>direct observation</i>)	VA.6.8.4 Apply the knowledge of spatial relationships to create a work of art (e.g., <i>visual measurements</i> , figure, facial, linear perspective, drawings <i>direct observation</i>)

Standard 6: Creative Processes

Students shall demonstrate creativity using a wide variety of media, techniques, processes, and tools to develop *expressive*

THE GO	THE GOAL FOR EACH STUDENT IS PROFICIENCY IN ALL REQUIREMENTS AT CURRENT AND PREVIOUS GRADES.				
	Grade 5	Grade 6	Grade 7	Grade 8	
Media and Processes (2-D)	VA.6.5.5 Use a transfer method to replicate an image (e.g., light box, window, opaque projector, tracing paper,	VA.6.6.5 Use a transfer method to replicate an image (e.g., light box, window, opaque projector, tracing paper,	VA.6.7.5 Use a transfer method to replicate an image (e.g., light box, window, opaque projector, tracing paper,	VA.6.8.5 Use a transfer method to replicate an image (e.g., light box, window, opaque projector, tracing paper,	
	graphite, grid, non-measured grid)	graphite, grid, non-measured grid)	graphite, grid, non-measured grid)	graphite, grid, non-measured grid)	
	VA.6.5.6 Experiment with mixing <i>color</i> in wet and/or dry media to create a desired effect	VA.6.6.6 Practice mixing color in wet and/or dry media to reflect local color of an observed object	VA.6.7.6 Mix color in wet and/or dry media to apply color theory in observational situations or to solve design problems	VA.6.8.6 Mix color in wet and/or dry media to apply color theory in observational situations or to solve design problems	
	VA.6.5.7 Demonstrate a printmaking process to produce images using a subtractive method (e.g., Styrofoam, vegetable, sponge, eraser)	VA.6.6.7 Demonstrate a printmaking process to produce images using an additive method (e.g., Styrofoam, cardboard, found objects, string)	VA.6.7.7 Demonstrate a <i>printmaking</i> process to produce images (e.g., <i>monoprint</i> , <i>collagraph</i> , linoleum, wood)	VA.6.8.7 Demonstrate a printmaking process to produce images (e.g., monoprint, collagraph, linoleum, wood, drypoint)	
Media and Processes (3-D)	VA.6.5.8 Produce a 3-D project using elements of art and principles of design • low relief sculpture (e.g., clay, copper, foil, plaster, fabric, cardboard, paper, found objects)	VA.6.6.8 Produce a 3-D project using elements of art and principles of design • additive methods to produce sculpture in-theround or relief (e.g., clay, papier-mâché, found objects, cardboard, wire)	VA.6.7.8 Produce a 3-D project using elements of art and principles of design • subtractive methods to produce sculpture in-theround or relief (e.g., clay, plaster, soap, foam, wood)	VA.6.8.8 Produce a 3-D project using elements of art and principles of design • additive and/or subtractive methods to produce sculpture in-theround or relief (e.g., carving, casting, modeling, assemblage)	

Strand: Visual Art

Standard 6: Creative Processes

Students shall demonstrate creativity using a wide variety of media, techniques, processes, and tools to develop *expressive*

works of art and design.

works of art and design. THE GOAL FOR EACH STUDENT IS PROFICIENCY IN ALL REQUIREMENTS AT CURRENT AND PREVIOUS GRADES.				
	Grade 5	Grade 6	Grade 7	Grade 8
Other Media/Mixed Media	VA.6.5.9 Produce artwork using various alternative and traditional techniques and media (e.g., jewelry making, scratch art, paper arts, fiber arts, collage, calligraphy, technology, photography)	VA.6.6.9 Produce artwork using various alternative and traditional techniques and media (e.g., jewelry making, scratch art, paper arts, fiber arts, collage, calligraphy, technology, photography)	VA.6.7.9 Produce artwork using various alternative and traditional techniques and media (e.g., jewelry making, scratch art, paper arts, fiber arts, collage, calligraphy, technology, photography)	VA.6.8.9 Produce artwork using various alternative and traditional techniques and media (e.g., jewelry making, scratch art, paper arts, fiber arts, collage, calligraphy, technology, photography)
Artistic Expression/ Creative Concepts	VA.6.5.10 Produce artwork that involves problem solving (e.g., reflection, revision, brainstorming, practice, drafts, <i>sketches</i> , models)	VA.6.6.10 Produce artwork that involves problem solving (e.g., reflection, revision, brainstorming, practice, drafts, <i>sketches</i> , models)	VA.6.7.10 Produce artwork that involves problem solving (e.g., reflection, revision, brainstorming, practice, drafts, <i>sketches</i> , models)	VA.6.8.10 Produce artwork that involves problem solving (e.g., reflection, revision, brainstorming, practice, drafts, <i>sketches</i> , models)
	VA.6.5.11 Select subject matter, symbols, and/or ideas to communicate meaning	VA.6.6.11 Select subject matter, symbols, and/or ideas to communicate meaning	VA.6.7.11 Select subject matter, symbols, and/or ideas to communicate meaning	VA.6.8.11 Select subject matter, symbols, and/or ideas to communicate meaning
	VA.6.5.12 Use a variety of stimuli to produce a work of art that promotes dialogue (e.g., local and diverse cultures, styles, periods of art, global issues, past, present, future)	VA.6.6.12 Use a variety of stimuli to produce a work of art that promotes dialogue (e.g., local and diverse cultures, styles, periods of art, global issues, past, present, future)	VA.6.7.12 Use a variety of stimuli to produce a work of art that promotes dialogue (e.g., local and diverse cultures, styles, periods of art, global issues, past, present, future)	VA.6.8.12 Use a variety of stimuli to produce a work of art that promotes dialogue (e.g., local and diverse cultures, styles, periods of art, global issues, past, present, future)

Strand: Visual Art

Standard 6: Creative Processes:

Students shall demonstrate creativity using a wide variety of media, techniques, processes, and tools to develop *expressive* works of art and design.

THE GOAL FOR EACH STUDENT IS PROFICIENCY IN ALL REQUIREMENTS AT CURRENT AND PREVIOUS GRADES.				
	Grade 5	Grade 6	Grade 7	Grade 8
Artistic	VA.6.5.13	VA.6.6.13	VA.6.7.13	VA.6.8.13
Expression/ Creative Concepts	Create artwork that communicates personal observations and life experiences (e.g., selfidentity, ideas, emotions, moods, relationships)	Create artwork that communicates personal observations and life experiences (e.g., selfidentity, ideas, emotions, moods, relationships)	Create artwork that communicates personal observations and life experiences (e.g., selfidentity, ideas, emotions, moods, relationships)	Create artwork that communicates personal observations and life experiences (e.g., selfidentity, ideas, emotions, moods, relationships)
	VA.6.5.14 Produce artwork inspired by or connected to content from other disciplines (e.g., social studies, literacy, performing arts, science, math)	VA.6.6.14 Produce artwork inspired by or connected to content from other disciplines (e.g., social studies, literacy, performing arts, science, math)	VA.6.7.14 Produce artwork inspired by or connected to content from other disciplines (e.g., social studies, literacy, performing arts, science, math)	VA.6.8.14 Produce artwork inspired by or connected to content from other disciplines (e.g., social studies, literacy, performing arts, science, math)
	VA.6.5.15 Engage in group interaction to produce a <i>collaborative</i> work of art	VA.6.6.15 Engage in group interaction to produce a <i>collaborative</i> work of art	VA.6.7.15 Engage in group interaction to produce a <i>collaborative</i> work of art	VA.6.8.15 Engage in group interaction to produce a <i>collaborative</i> work of art

Strand: Visual Art

Standard 7: Reflections and Responses

Students shall reflect and respond in a variety of ways to the visual arts of self and the global community.

THE GOAL FOR EACH STUDENT IS PROFICIENCY IN ALL REQUIREMENTS AT CURRENT AND PREVIOUS GRADES.				
	Grade 5 Grade 6 Grade 7		Grade 8	
Historical/ Multicultural/ Global Perspectives	VA.7.5.1 Reflect upon historical connections between the artwork of self and others	VA.7.6.1 Reflect upon historical connections between the artwork of self and others	VA.7.7.1 Evaluate historical connections between the artwork of self and others (e.g., written or verbal response)	VA.7.8.1 Evaluate historical connections between the artwork of self and others (e.g., written or verbal response)
	VA.7.5.2 Examine the styles and historical periods of art throughout time	VA.7.6.2 Examine the styles and historical periods of art throughout time	VA.7.7.2 Examine the styles and historical periods of art throughout time	VA.7.8.2 Examine the styles and historical periods of art throughout time
	VA.7.5.3 Examine ways the physical environment affects visual art and the ways visual art affects the environment (e.g., conservation, recycling, emerging concerns)	VA.7.6.3 Examine ways the physical environment affects visual art and the ways visual art affects the environment (e.g., conservation, recycling, emerging concerns)	VA.7.7.3 Communicate ways that the physical environment affects visual art and the ways visual art affects the environment (e.g., conservation, recycling, emerging concerns)	VA.7.8.3 Communicate ways that the physical <i>environment</i> affects visual art and the ways visual art affects the <i>environment</i> (e.g., conservation, recycling, emerging concerns)
Art Criticism	VA.7.5.4 Apply methods for <i>art</i> criticism (e.g., describe, analyze, interpret, judge)	VA.7.6.4 Apply methods for <i>art</i> criticism (e.g., describe, analyze, interpret, judge)	VA.7.7.4 Apply methods for <i>art</i> <i>criticism</i> (e.g., describe, analyze, interpret, judge)	VA.7.8.4 Utilize art criticism and aesthetic theories to discuss art (e.g., describe, analyze, interpret, judge, imitationalism, formalism, emotionalism)

Strand: Visual Arts

Standard 7: Reflections and Responses

Students shall reflect and respond in a variety of ways to the visual arts of self and the global community.

THE GO	THE GOAL FOR EACH STUDENT IS PROFICIENCY IN ALL REQUIREMENTS AT CURRENT AND PREVIOUS GRADES.				
	Grade 5	Grade 6	Grade 7	Grade 8	
Technologies/	VA.7.5.5	VA.7.6.5	VA.7.7.5	VA.7.8.5	
Media	Discuss ways media reflects contemporary culture and art across the globe (e.g., comic books, graphic novels, blogs, commercials, photography, video)	Discuss ways media reflects contemporary culture and art across the globe (e.g., comic books, graphic novels, blogs, commercials, photography, video)	Examine ways media reflects contemporary culture and art across the globe (e.g., comic books, graphic novels, blogs, commercials, photography, video)	Analyze ways media reflects contemporary culture and art across the globe (e.g., comic books, graphic novels, blogs, commercials, photography, video)	
Portfolios/Exhibits	VA.7.5.6 Participate in the process of exhibiting artwork (e.g., select, plan, display, judge, promote)	VA.7.6.6 Participate in the process of exhibiting artwork (e.g., select, plan, display, judge, promote)	VA.7.7.6 Participate in the process of exhibiting artwork (e.g., select, plan, display, judge, promote, install, attend)	VA.7.8.6 Participate in the process of exhibiting artwork (e.g., select, plan, display, judge, promote, install, attend)	
	VA.7.5.7 Develop a <i>portfolio</i> as a reflection of personal growth (e.g., self-assessment, peer critiques)	VA.7.6.7 Develop a <i>portfolio</i> as a reflection of personal growth (e.g., self-assessment, peer critiques)	VA.7.7.7 Develop a <i>portfolio</i> as a reflection of personal growth (e.g., self-assessment, peer critiques)	VA.7.8.7 Develop a <i>portfolio</i> as a reflection of personal growth (e.g., self-assessment, peer critiques)	

Glossary for K-8 Fine Arts Curriculum Framework

AB	A musical plan that has two different parts or sections (binary)
ABA	A musical plan that has three sections, with first and last sections the same; the middle section is different
	(ternary)
Accelerando	Gradually get faster
Accidental	A symbol used to raise (sharp) or lower (flat) a pitch or to cancel (natural) a previous sign
Accompaniment	A musical background that supports a principal part
Actual texture	Texture of real or authentic objects; the way a surface of a real object feels to the sense of touch
Adagio	Leisurely, slow tempo
Additive method	A sculptural technique or process of <i>modeling</i> ; adding, combining, or building up materials
Aesthetic	The quality of an object that elicits a personal response to that object; ability to discriminate at a sensory level; a
	pattern of thinking that deals with man's nature to respond to things
Aesthetic theories	Various ideologies used to study the nature and value of art
Aesthetics	The philosophical study of the nature and value of works of art and how people respond to it with their senses,
	intellect, and emotions; synonym for the philosophy of art
Allegro	Fast, lively tempo
Alternating	A pattern that occurs when different elements in a work of art repeat themselves in a predictable order
Analogous	Colors that are next to each other on the color wheel, with one hue in common
Andante	Moderately slow; a walking tempo
Architectural renderings	Drawings of architectural structures
Arrange	To alter a composition
Art criticism	Describing, analyzing, interpreting, and judging a work of art
Articulation	In instrumental music, the correct attack and decay of sound; in vocal music, the clear and effective utterance of
	vowels and consonants
Artistic conducting	The manner in which a person directs
Artistic expression	Ways artists communicate ideas and feelings
Assemblage	A 2-D or 3-D artistic composition made by combining various objects; an additive method
Asymmetrical	A type of balance in which the parts are unequal in size, shape, etc., but still produce a balanced visual weight or
	emphasis; another name for informal balance
Balance	A visual weight; a principle of design in which the elements of art are arranged to create a feeling of stability or
	the impression of equal weight or importance; Three types of balance are symmetrical (formal), asymmetrical
	(informal), and radial.
Bar line	The vertical line drawn through a <i>staff</i> to define a measure
Bass clef	A symbol used to denote pitches below middle C
Beat	The repeating pulse of the music
Blues	A basic jazz style with a predictable chord structure
Body percussion	Clapping, tapping, snapping, or other percussive sounds made with hands, feet, or other body parts

Call and response	A musical <i>form</i> in which a part of the <i>melody</i> (call) is followed by an answer (response)
Calligraphy	The art of beautiful and/or expressive writing
Calling voices	Shouting or outside voices
Carving	A sculptural technique in which a tool is used to cut away materials to create a desired form
Casting	A sculptural technique in which a liquid is poured into a mold and hardens into a form
Center of interest	The visual <i>focal point</i> of an artwork; that part of a composition that is first to attract attention; an area of
	dominance in an artwork
Classical	A musical period around 1750–1830
Classroom instruments	Instruments generally found in a music class (e.g., simple percussion, recorders, barred instruments, keyboards)
Coda	A short section added at the end of a piece
Collaborative methods	Processes or methods by which artwork is created by more than one person
Collaborative work	Art created by more than one person
Collage	Artwork made by attaching various materials to a surface; to put together
Collagraph	A print made from a printing plate of a low relief collage
Color	An element of art produced by light of various wavelengths; spectral when arranged in order of wavelength
Color juxtaposition	A color theory in which two or more colors are placed side by side
Color schemes	Plans for organizing colors, which include monochromatic, analogous, complementary, triad, split complimentary,
	warm, and cool
Color theory	The study of spectral colors and their interrelationships
Complementary	Colors that are directly opposite on the color wheel such as red and green, and when used near each other,
	create optical vibrations, or when mixed together will tend to subdue intensities and produce a grayed hue
Compose	To create music
Composition	A musical creation
Compositional movement	The look and feeling of action guiding the viewer's eyes throughout a work of art
Compound meter	Beat divisible by three rather than two
Contour	The outside edge or outline of shapes that define the outer and inner edges and surfaces of objects or figures; A
	contour line is a line that defines the edges and surface ridges of an object and gives an object its shape and
	volume. A contour drawing is a continuous line that follows the outline and other visible edges of a mass, figure,
	or object. Blind <i>contour</i> refers to a drawing using one continuous <i>line</i> made by looking at the object only, not at
	the drawing surface.
Contrast	Differences; juxtaposition of dissimilar elements in a work of art
Countermelodies	Secondary <i>melodies</i> sung against principal themes
Crescendo	Gradually get louder
Cross cultural	Genres of music from different cultures that fuse to form a new genre
Cumulative songs	Songs that include a consistent <i>melody</i> with additive lyrics
Cut time	Music performed twice as fast as the <i>notes</i> written; a <i>tempo</i> marking indicating a quick <i>duple meter</i> with the half
	note getting the beat rather than the quarter note
Da capo (D.C.)	Term indicating that the piece is to be repeated from the beginning
Dal segno (D.S.)	Term indicating that the piece is to be repeated beginning at the sign
Decrescendo	Gradually get softer

Direct observation	Looking at real life and actual objects to create art
Directional	Line that refers to actual or implied movement, or to an angle or a point of view; may provide structure and basic
	organization for a drawing
Double bar line	Two lines vertically drawn through a staff indicating the end of a section or piece
Drypoint	A method of intaglio printing in which the image is scratched into the surface of the printing plate with a steel
	needle; lines and tones in the printed image often have a velvety appearance
Duple meter	Beats per measure divisible by two
Dynamic	Loudness or softness of sound
Elements of art	The basic visual tools artists use to create a work of art: line, shape, form, texture, color, value, and space
Emotionalism	An aesthetic theory that places emphasis on the viewer's feelings, moods, or emotions in response to a work of
	art
Emphasis	A principle of design that can be achieved through placement, contrast, size, etc.; the special attention or
	importance given to one part or element in an artwork
Ensemble	Group of two or more
Environment	Natural or man-made surroundings
Environmental	Relating to the <i>environment</i>
Environmental sounds	Sounds found naturally or from a man-made source that are not music based
Etiquette	Protocols for behavior during a rehearsal or a <i>performance</i>
Exhibit	To show or display artwork
Exhibiting	Showing or displaying artwork
Expression	Referring to dynamics, tempo, and articulation in a composition
Expressive	Qualities that communicate feelings, moods, and ideas to the viewer through a work of art
Fermata	A symbol used to indicate a hold beyond the given value; also called bird's eye
Fiber arts	Artwork created from any threadlike, fiber material that can be shaped or joined together (e.g., fabric,
	needlepoint, weaving, quilting, knotting, batik, dying, basket weaving, lace making, sewing)
Fibonacci patterns	An arithmetic sequence (1, 1, 2, 3, 5, 8, 13, 21) formed by adding the previous two numbers; These numbers
'	correlate to patterns found in nature (e.g., nautilus shell, pine cone, pineapple)
First and second endings	Different endings for repeated sections of a composition
Focal point	A specific area or point of convergence that draws the viewer's attention first
Folk music	Music that is passed orally or by memorization and repetition from generation to generation
Form (art)	An element of art that is 3-D, and, therefore, includes the dimensions of height, width, and depth
Form (music)	The overall plan of a piece of music (e.g., AB, ABA, rondo)
Formalism	An aesthetic theory that places an emphasis on the elements of art and principles of design
Forte (f)	Loud
Fortissimo (ff)	Very loud
Found sounds	Non-traditional sound sources for making music (e.g., trash cans, brooms)
Fractals	A geometrical figure that grows by repeating itself in a decreasing <i>scale</i>
Functional	Artwork that has an intended purpose other than aesthetic beauty
Genres	Styles, categories, classes, or types of music
	- styles, satisfies, slasses, or types or music

	-
Gesture	An exercise in art education commonly used as a warm-up; A <i>gesture line</i> refers to a line made with loose movements, using the large muscles of the arm rather than with the small muscles of the hand and wrist. A <i>gesture drawing</i> refers to a drawing done quickly to capture <i>movement</i> .
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Gradation	Any way of combining <i>elements of art</i> by using a series of changes in those elements (e.g., dark to light values,
0 1 1 "	large to small shapes, rough to smooth textures)
Grand staff	The combination of bass and treble staves
Grave	Serious
Harmonies (music)	Two or more different tones sounding at the same time
Harmony (art)	A principle of design that refers to a way of combining elements of art to accent their similarities and to bind the
	picture parts into a whole
Heritage	Traditions handed down from one generation to another
Icons	Pictorial representations
Imitationalism	An aesthetic theory that places emphasis on realistic representation
Imitative forms	Repetitive structures of similar pitch patterns with different entrances
Implied	Suggested or perceived, but not actually present; Implied line refers to the way objects or a series of points are
	arranged to produce the effect of seeing a line in a work when a line is not actually present, such as a series dots
	that are perceived as a <i>line</i> . <i>Implied texture</i> refers to a <i>texture</i> in a work that is perceived by the viewer but has
	no physical form, such as a drawing of rough bark; the way a surface appears to feel; a texture which can be
	seen but not felt; see visual
Improvise	To create spontaneously
Interdisciplinary	Involving two or more academic disciplines
Intermediate	A color produced by mixing a primary color and a secondary color, see tertiary
Intervals	Distances between two or more pitches
Jazz	An American musical style blending European and African influences
Key signatures	The sharp or flat signs placed at the beginning of a <i>composition</i> immediately after the clef sign, indicating its tonality
Leaps	Changes in <i>pitch</i> of a fourth or greater
Lento	Slow
Line	An element of art that refers to a mark on any surface; a moving point
Line characteristics	The way a <i>line</i> looks (e.g., direction, <i>texture</i> , size, degree of curve, length, width)
Listening	An active auditory experience
Low relief	A <i>relief</i> sculpture with slightly raised or indented areas from a flat surface
Major scale	A sequence of eight <i>notes</i> arranged in the following specific pattern of whole and half <i>steps</i> , beginning and
ajo: ocae	ending with the tonic: tonic, whole step, whole step, half step, whole step, whole step, whole step, balf step to
	tonic
Major tonalities	Related to major scales
Marbleizing	A technique used by floating a pigment on a liquid surface and transferring it to paper or another surface using
	painting techniques to simulate the appearance of marble
Marches	Military style
IVIGIONICO	William y or you

Melodic	Related to <i>melody</i>
Melodic patterns	A specific grouping of <i>pitches</i> used in teaching, reading, and writing music (e.g., sol-mi/5-3)
Melodies	Tunes; series of pitches that moves up or down, or stays the same
Meter	A pattern of fixed beats as indicated by the time signature
Mezzo forte (mf)	Moderately loud
Mezzo piano (mp)	Moderately soft
Minor scales	Has the same tones as the major scale, but uses the sixth tone of the major scale as its tonic, resulting in the
	following pattern: tonic, whole step, half step, whole step, whole step, whole step, whole step to tonic
Minor tonalities	Related to minor scales
Mixed meter	Changing <i>meter</i> within the song
Modeling	Shaping clay or other pliable material by pinching, pulling, or other manipulation
Moderato	Moderate tempo
Monochromatic	A color scheme that uses only one hue and the tints, tones, and shades of that hue
Monoprint	A print in which ink or paint is applied to a flat surface and paper laid upon it to make a print which will be one-of-
	a-kind
Movement	A principle of design; the way in which the elements of art are organized so that the viewer's eye is led through
	the work of art in a systematic way
Music therapy	Use of music to improve psychological, social, cognitive, and physical function
Musical texture	Layering of sounds by adding or subtracting voices or instruments
Nets	Geometric patterns used to create 3-D forms
Non-measured grid	A network of uniformly or randomly spaced intersecting <i>lines</i>
Non-western	Music and instruments of Asia, the Middle East, Africa, Pacific Islands; Non-European
Note	Symbol used to indicate pitch and duration
Octave	An interval spanning seven diatonic degrees or eleven half steps
Op Art	A twentieth-century style of art that uses the interaction of <i>colors</i> , <i>shapes</i> , and <i>patterns</i> with the picture plane to
	create images with the illusion of movement and/or depth
Ostinati	Rhythm or melodic patterns that repeat; plural form of ostinato
Partner songs	Different melodies performed at the same time
Pattern	The repetition of anything in a design (e.g., repetition of shapes, lines, or colors)
Pentatonic scale	A scale of five tones (e.g., C-D-E-G-A)
Performance	To play, sing, or move in formal or informal settings
Phrase	A musical sentence
Phrasing	Observing the musical sentence
Pianissimo (pp)	Very soft
Piano (p)	Soft
Pitch	The highness or lowness of a tone
Play parties	A traditional <u>a cappella</u> folk dance or game for young people in early rural America
Portfolio	A purposeful collection of an artist's own work
Presto	Fast tempo

Principles of design	Guidelines artists use to organize the elements of art, such as pattern, rhythm and movement, proportion and
	scale, balance, emphasis, contrast, harmony, unity, and variety
Printmaking	Transferring an image from one prepared surface to another to produce one or more copies
Progressive	A rhythm created by a change in pattern or line that develops as it is repeated, such as large to small.
Proportion	A principle of design that may be described as the relationship between objects with respect to size, number, etc.
Question and answer	An improvised musical sentence with an improvised musical response
Radial	An organized pattern or design emanating from the center of a circular format; usually has symmetrical properties
Random	Occurring without an identifiable pattern
Refrain	Chorus; a repeated section after the <i>verse</i>
Relief	A sculptural technique in which the design is a raised surface on a flat background
Repeat sign	A symbol used to indicate a repetition of a section of music
Repertoire	List of music pieces which a group or person has prepared or performed
Rest	Silence in music; symbol used to indicate the duration of silence
Rhythm (art)	A principle of design that involves the repetition of the elements of art to create the illusion of movement or a
	visual beat or tempo; Types of rhythm include regular, alternating, progressive, flowing, and random.
Rhythmic	In art, related to <i>rhythm</i> ; in music, related to <i>rhythms</i>
Rhythmic patterns	A specific grouping of <i>rhythms</i> used in teaching, reading, and writing music
Rhythms (music)	Patterns of long and short sounds and silences in music
Ritardando	Gradually get slower
Rondo	A musical form in which a section is repeated with contrasting sections in between (e.g., ABACA)
Rounds	A process in which all sing the same <i>melody</i> but start at different times
Scale	Relative size, or ratio, of an object as compared to others of its kind, to different objects, to its environment, or to
	the human figure; ratio of an object as related to other parts of the same object
Sculpture in-the-round	Freestanding sculpture meant to be seen from all sides
Shape	An <i>element of art</i> that refers to an enclosed <i>space</i> that is 2-D, or flat, and, therefore, limited to the dimensions of length and width
Sketch	Marks done quickly to record ideas or impressions; <i>Sketch</i> drawings are rough drawings that capture the most important features of chosen subjects and are usually used as preliminary studies. <i>Sketch lines</i> refer to <i>lines</i> drawn quickly to catch the immediate feeling of action or the impression of a place, object, or situation
Skips	Changes in <i>pitch</i> of a major or minor third
Solo	One voice or instrument
Space	An element of art that refers to an area surrounding objects or figures, both positive and negative
Split complementary	One hue and the hues on each side of its complement on the color wheel
Staff	Lines and spaces upon which music is written
Steps	Intervals of a second
Style	A characteristic of a particular period, person, or group of people that make genres of music unique (e.g., folk,
	symphony)
Subtractive method	A method of creating a sculpture or printing plate that involves removing materials to achieve a finished product
Symbols	Signs
	1 - U -

Symmetrical	An equilibrium created by identical parts that are equally distributed on either side of a real or imaginary central
	axis in mirror-like repetition
Symphony	A large composition for orchestra
Syncopation	Rhythmic effect which places emphasis on a weak or off beat
Tactile texture	A texture that can be felt by touch
Tempi	Speeds of the beat; plural for tempo
Tertiary	See intermediate
Tessellations	Artwork in which shapes are carefully placed into overall patterns so that there are no gaps or overlaps; In some
	cases, the <i>shapes</i> appear to interlock.
Texture	An element of art that refers to surface quality of an object or composition (e.g., roughness, smoothness)
Theme and variations	A style of composition that presents a basic theme, and then develops and alters the theme in successive
	statements
Three-part	Music with three distinct parts
Timbre	The quality of sound that distinguishes one instrument or voice from another
Time signature	A symbol indicating how many beats are in a measure and which note gets the beat
Tones	Musical sound on specific pitches
Trading cards	Small works of art to be exchanged and collected
Treble clef	A symbol used to denote pitches above middle C
Triad	A color scheme based on any three colors spaced at equal distances apart on the color wheel
Triple meter	Beats per measure divisible by three
Triplets	Rhythmic groupings of three
Twelve-bar blues	A twelve-measure chord progression of I-I-I-I ⁷ IV-IV-I-I V ⁷ -IV-I-I
Two-line staff	An abbreviated staff used to facilitate the learning of lines and spaces
Two-part	A melody and harmony line
Unity	A principle of design that can be achieved through the use of elements of art and other principles of design; the
	coherence of a work that gives the viewer the feeling that all parts of a piece are working together to create a
	feeling of completeness or wholeness
Value	An element of art that refers to lightness or darkness
Variety	Diversity; a principle of design which utilizes the elements of art in complex relationships to create interest in a
	work of art
Verse	A repeated <i>melody</i> with a change in lyrics
Visual	See implied
Visual measurements	Techniques for approximating the size relationship of one object to another
Vivace	Very fast; lively
Vocal exploration	Technique to discover the voice and its capabilities
Western	Music composed in the Western hemisphere
World music	Music of indigenous peoples

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