Core Process Goals for Gifted and Talented Seminars

Course number for 9-12th grades – GT Seminar is **596100** (use the last digit to indicate level/year of the course)

Course number for 8th grade and down is **970800** (use the last digit for the grade level. So, a code of 970807 would indicate GT Seminar at 7th grade)

Introduction

This document, **Arkansas Core Process Goals for Gifted and Talented Seminars**, is based on four core process areas considered fundamental to the development of a differentiated curriculum: critical thinking, creative thinking, independent and group investigation, and personal growth. Because of the open-ended, student-oriented nature of the gifted and talented seminar, it is necessary to develop process skills through content (differentiated approach) rather than to develop content skills through process (standard approach).

This focus on *process* rather than on *content* creates the need for schools to develop gifted and talented seminars that lead students to an increasing level of proficiency in the process skills while pursuing different areas of content for each year of credit. Schools offering credit for more than one year of Gifted and Talented Seminar must develop curriculum specifically more rigorous and demanding with each subsequent year.

Schools with multiple-year seminars must change the content from year to year and follow the processes presented in this document. Schools are not required to request course approval for Gifted and Talented Seminar. Students may be given elective career focus credit (9-12).

Two features of this guide demand particular attention: 1) Because some process skills are considered basic components of more than one area, some skill duplications occur in the four core areas; and 2) Personal Growth learning expectations, because are by nature different from the learning expectations in the other three core areas, involve the internal processes of self-analysis, self-discovery, and self-direction.

Therefore, these student-oriented expectations may require a more subjective type of evaluation by the GT Seminar teacher, including teacher observation and/or student self-evaluation through the use of surveys, checklists, or other forms.

The user of this document, **Arkansas Core Process Goals for Gifted and Talented Seminars,** is reminded to consider these goals and expectations as a foundation, not a limitation, for the development of autonomous gifted and talented seminars.

Core Process Goals for Gifted and Talented Seminar

Strand 1: Critical Thinking

Standard 1: Core Processes

Students shall demonstrate understanding of core processes fundamental to a differentiated curriculum.

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Analysis	CRIT.1.1. Analyze a main idea in oral, written, and/or non-
	verbal form
	CRIT.1.2. Examine the relationships among ideas and data
	ONTELLE. Examine the relationships among ideas and data
	CRIT.1.3. Provide supporting evidence for a particular idea,
	principle or generalization
	CRIT.1.4. Classify information into logical categories
	CRIT.1.5. Scrutinize information and draw conclusions based
	on given or discovered principles
	on given or discovered principles
	CRIT.1.6. Apply the concept of the part-to-whole and the
	whole-to-part relationships
Synthesis	CRIT.1.7. Combine concepts, principles and generalizations to
	generate a new understanding
	CRIT.1.8. Adapt information to be used in a different manner
	ONTE 1.1.0. Adapt information to be used in a different mariner
	CRIT.1.9. Formulate compelling predictions based on
	available information or as a result of an action
Evaluation	CRIT.1.10. Establish criteria for judging accuracy, relevance,
	or quality
	CRIT.1.11. Assess, according to the criteria, the organization,
	content, value, effectiveness and results of actions, decisions,
	ideas, or data
	CRIT.1.12. Defend, according to the criteria, accuracy and
	relevance of points used to support conclusions/predictions
	CPIT 1.13 Prove or disprove ideas by presenting evidence
1	CRIT.1.13. Prove or disprove ideas by presenting evidence

Standard 2: Application

Students shall apply reasoning techniques to demonstrate understanding of core processes.

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Logical Reasoning	CRIT.2.1. Demonstrate use of inductive reasoning by
	a. Determining cause and effect
	b. Analyzing open-ended problems
	c. Reasoning by analogy
	d. Making inferences
	e. Determining relevant information
	f. Recognizing relationships
	g. Solving insight problems

	CRIT.2.2. Demonstrate use of deductive thinking skills by a. Identifying contradictory statements b. Analyzing syllogisms c. Solving spatial problems
	CRIT.2.3. Distinguish between logical and illogical arguments
Inference	CRIT.2.4. Interpret the meaning of statements
	CRIT.2.5. Identify probable causes and effects
	CRIT.2.6. Use generalizations to solve problems or justify decisions
	CRIT.2.7. Make predictions
	CRIT.2.8. Identify and support personal assumptions and/or those of others
	CRIT.2.9. Identify and support personal points of view and/or those of others
Problem Solving	CRIT.2.10. Define/describe the problem
	CRIT.2.11. Determine desired outcome
	CRIT.2.12. Brainstorm possible solutions
	CRIT.2.13. Establish criteria and test selected solutions
	CRIT.2.14. Evaluate solutions
	CRIT.2.15. Draw conclusions and implement solution(s)
Decision Making	CRIT.2.16. State desired goal/condition
	CRIT.2.17. State obstacles to goal/condition
	CRIT.2.18. Identify alternatives
	CRIT.2.19. Examine alternatives
	CRIT.2.20. Rank alternatives
	CTS.2.21. Choose best alternative
	CRIT.2.22. Evaluate actions
Interpretation	CRIT.2.23. Analyze the motives of an author, speaker, or artist (e.g., to persuade, inform, entertain, elaborate, etc.)
	CRIT.2.24. Analyze and critique the stylistic forms used by an author, speaker, or artist (e.g., metaphors, symbolism, irony, satire, understatement, exaggeration, personification, etc.)
	CRIT.2.25. Compare and contrast different interpretations of a

	single work
Communication	CRIT.2.26. Distinguish between relevant and irrelevant points CRIT.2.27. Demonstrate and apply verbal and non- verbal techniques used to influence thinking (e.g., generalities, emotional appeals, biased printand non- print materials, body language, etc.) CRIT.2.28. Use formal and/or informal debate to consider
	various positions
Complexity	CRIT.2.29. Explore an idea or issue, examine the implication, and sift information for clarity
	CRIT.2.30. Expand and/or restructure an original idea (e.g., by adding details and integrating new ideas, etc.)
	CRIT.2.31. Evaluate the political, social, and economic implications of current issues
	CRIT.2.32. Distinguish and understand/acknowledge multiple perspectives

Strand 2: Creative Thinking

Standard 1: Core Processes

Students shall demonstrate understanding of core processes fundamental to a differentiated curriculum.

Fluency	CRET.1.1. Utilize brainstorming techniques
	CRET.1.2. Generate many alternatives in problem finding and problem solving
	CRET.1.3. Generate many alternatives to both verbal and non-verbal representations of ideas and feelings
Flexibility	CRET.1.4. Generalize new and different approaches to problems
	CRET.1.5. Examine and change attributes (SCAMPER technique: S ubstitute, C ombine, A dapt, M odify-Minify-Magnify, P ut to another use, E liminate, R everse)
	CRET.1.6. Adapt a single idea or material to many different uses
	CRET.1.7. Transfer and apply a principle or concept to different areas
Originality	CRET.1.8. Create unique products or ideas by combining materials or ideas
	CRET.1.9. Generate unique solutions to problems

	CRET.1.10. Generate unique answers to questions
	CRET.1.11. Use familiar objects in ways different from their intended purpose
	CRET.1.12. Connect unrelated information to develop unique ideas or concepts
Elaboration	CRET.1.13. Determine need for appropriate detail
	CRET.1.14. Recognize gaps and missing elements
	CRET.1.15. Embellish objects, concepts, or questions
Curiosity	CRET.1.16. Pose speculative questions
	CRET.1.17. Examine unfamiliar concepts
	CRET.1.18. Analyze conceptual relationships and interpretations
	CRET.1.19. Question discrepancies in thought or information
	CRET.1.20. Examine the relationship between problem finding and problem solving
Imagination	CRET.1.21. Create alternate outcomes/scenarios/endings, etc.
	CRET.1.22. Demonstrate an ability to overcome conceptual blocks (e.g., environmental, expressive, cultural, perceptual, etc.)
Risk Taking	CRET.1.23. Defend personal beliefs and ideas
	CRET.1.24. Challenge discrepancies in thought or information and develop alternative perspectives
	CRET.1.25. Predict consequences of risk taking
	CRET.1.26. Assume responsibility for a course of action
	CRET.1.27. Identify societal challenges and propose solutions

Strand 3: Independent and Group Investigation

Standard 1: Core Processes

Students shall demonstrate understanding of core processes fundamental to a differentiated curriculum.

Questioning	IGI.1.1. Formulate questions to gather relevant information
	IGI.1.2. Discriminate between fact and opinion
	IGI.1.3. Discriminate between relevant and irrelevant information

	IGI.1.4. Discriminate between reliable and unreliable sources of information
Information Gathering	IGI.1.5. Use a variety of appropriate sources, including individual/community resources and primary/secondary resources
	IGI.1.6. Formulate a plan for gathering information
	IGI.1.7. Use electronic resources to gather and communicate information
	IGI.1.8. Develop and use appropriate vocabulary and terminology
	IGI.1.9. Use a variety of methods (e.g., note cards, paraphrasing written material, interviews, observation, etc.) to collect data
Organizing	IGI.1.10. Compare and contrast data
	IGI.1.11. Group and label according to common attributes
	IGI.1.12. Categorize and classify groups of concepts or objects according to given criteria or identify the scheme or standard by which they have been ordered (e.g., time, sizes, alphabetical order, etc.)
	IGI.1.13. Prioritize objects/concepts by degree of personal importance
Product Development	IGI.1.14. Design an original product based on information gathered and share the product with an appropriate audience
	IGI.1.15. Establish a realistic process for completing a product
	IGI.1.16. Develop a set of criteria by which the product will be evaluated
	IGI.1.17. Gather evaluative data from appropriate sources
	IGI.1.18. Evaluate the product

Strand 4: Personal Growth

Standard 1: Core Processes

Students shall demonstrate understanding of core processes fundamental to a differentiated curriculum.

Self-concept	PG.1.1. Identify own special abilities, limitations, and styles
	PG.1.2. Set standards and goals appropriate to ability level
	PG.1.3. Develop and practice an attitude that fosters success
	PG.1.4. Embrace the concept of lifelong learning

	PG.1.5. Evaluate constructive and destructive criticism and put it into perspective
	PG.1.6. Evaluate the need for independence in thought and action
	PG.1.7. Appreciate differences in learning styles and their appropriateness to specific tasks/situations
Interpersonal Relations	PG.1.8. Respect the worth and rights of others
	PG.1.9. Develop a sensitivity to the feelings of other people
	PG.1.10. Discover abilities and limitations of others
	PG.1.11. Consider different points of view
	PG.1.12. Accept and offer constructive criticism
	PG.1.13. Understand that people are interdependent
	PG.1.14. Identify one's role as a member of various groups
	PG.1.15. Establish priorities necessary to group interactions
Coping with Failure	PG.1.16. Accept responsibility for own actions and ideas
	PG.1.17. Accept that all individuals experience failure
	PG.1.18. Risk a mistake or failure
	PG.1.19. Differentiate between achievable and non-achievable goals
	PG.1.20. Try difficult tasks
	PG.1.21. Analyze the cause of a failure or mistake
	PG.1.22. Accept failure as a constructive part of a developmental process
Communication	PG.1.23. Express ideas, opinions, and feelings verbally and nonverbally
	PG.1.24. Express information gathered through individual research verbally and nonverbally
	PG.1.25. Translate one form of communication into a different form of communication
	PG.1.26. Evaluate the effect of body language
Leadership	PG.1.27. Define and assess characteristics of leadership
	PG.1.28. Discriminate between positive and negative attributes of a leader

	PG.1.29. Analyze the motivational aspects of effective leadership PG.1.30. Participate in activities that develop leadership
Personal Decision Making	PG.1.31. State desired goal/condition
	PG.1.32. State obstacles to goal/condition
	PG.1.33. Identify alternatives
	PG.1.34. Examine alternatives
	PG.1.35. Rank alternatives
	PG.1.36. Choose best alternative
	PG.1.37. Evaluate actions