## Hoxie Integration Lesson Plan

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	That Escalated Quickly
Lesson Title:	That Escalated Quickly
Estimated Time (Class Period/s):	1 – 45 minute class period
Grade Level(s):	Grades 7-12
State Standards:	<ul> <li><u>Arkansas History Grades 7-8</u>: H.7.AH.7-8.8: Analyze social, economic, and political effects of the Civil Rights Movement on various regions in Arkansas from multiple perspectives (e.g., integration, state legislation)</li> <li><u>Arkansas History Grades 9-12</u>: Era5.5.AH.9-12.4: Analyze the social, economic, and political effects of the Civil Rights Movement in various regions of Arkansas using <i>primary</i> and <i>secondary sources</i> from multiple perspectives (e.g., segregation; voting; integration of Fayetteville, Hoxie, and Little Rock School Districts; federal and state legislation)</li> <li><u>United States History Since 1890</u>: Era9.6.USH.1: Analyze the roles of individuals, groups, and the government in securing civil rights during the mid-20<sup>th</sup> century using a variety of <i>primary</i> and <i>secondary sources</i> (e.g., minorities, women, NAACP, federal court cases, legislation, Twenty-fourth Amendment)</li> <li>Era9.6.USH.2: Analyze causes and effects of cultural changes on society in the United States (e.g., changing roles of women, forces of change on the nuclear family, suburbanization)</li> </ul>
Learning Objective(s):	Students will read, interpret, and analyze the provided document in order to explain the events which preceded the 1956 Hoxie v. Brewer court case.
Essential Question:	What impact can institutional change have on a group or community?
Materials and Resources:	Hoxie v. Brewer Modified Document Says-Means-Matters Chart Highlighters, sticky notes, pens, etc.

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	1 Students will read the modified passage about the quants leading
Langer Dian Dataile	1. Students will read the modified passage about the events leading
Lesson Plan Details	up to the Hoxie v. Brewer court case.
(Substitute Teacher Proof):	a. Depending on the grade or reading level, it may be helpful
	for the teacher to read the article aloud and have the
	students follow along, highlighting/underlining words and
	passages they do not understand, or ones they find
	interesting. Time should be given to clarify and discuss
	these findings before moving to the "Says-Means-
	Matters" activity.
	2. Pass out the "Says – Means – Matters" chart
	3. Have students read the passage a second time (silently to
	themselves), and fill in the "says" portion of the chart.
	4. In a class discussion (roundtable works well), have each student
	present their "says." The class will then discuss its meaning and
	matters, and students will fill in the information as they go
	-The class discussion of the passage as well as the "Says – Means –
<b>Formative Assessment(s):</b>	Matters" handout.
	-Exit ticket*
	Encourage students to read the full case details at the following link:
Additional Notes:	
	Hoxie v Brewer, 1956
	https://law.justia.com/cases/federal/district-
	courts/FSupp/137/364/1480367/
	*Exit ticket prompts may vary according to the direction of the class
	discussion, or can be as simple as "what is one new thing you learned
	today? What questions do you still have?"
	today. What questions do you sin nave:

Sources:

ELAchieve. 2010. Constructing Meaning: Explicit Language for Content Instruction. Analytical Notetaking: Says-Means-Matters. Levy. <u>www.elachieve.org</u>.

Hoxie School District No. 46 of Lawrence Co., Ark.v Brewer, 137 F. Supp. 364 (E.D. Ark. 1956). https://law.justia.com/cases/federal/district-courts/FSupp/137/364/1480367/