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In addition to the Arkansas Teaching Standards, the teacher of Computer Science, grades 4-12, shall meet the expectations set by the following content-specific competencies:

1. Computing Systems  K-12 Computer Science Framework CS for Arkansas Praxis 5652: Section V	<ul> <li>1.1 Know that operating systems are programs that control and coordinate interactions between hardware and software components</li> <li>Identify hardware components and their functions</li> <li>Identify software components and their functions</li> <li>Identify common operating systems tasks</li> <li>Identify resource issues that have an impact on functionality</li> <li>12 Be familiar with computing systems embedded in everyday objects (e.g., Internet of Things (IoT), ATMs, medical devices)</li> <li>Describe what an embedded system is</li> <li>Define what the IoT is and how it issued</li> <li>Describe how sensors are used in embedded systems</li> <li>13 Be familiar with computers as layers of abstraction from hardware (e.g., logic gates, chips) to software (e.g., system software, applications)</li> <li>Identify appropriate abstraction layers for hardware and software components</li> <li>1.4 Be familiar with the steps required to execute a computer program (e.g., fetch-decode-execute cycles)</li> <li>Describe what happens during fetch, decode, and execute, including the order of the steps in the cycle</li> <li>1.5 Know the capabilities, features, and uses of different types of computing systems (e.g., desktop, mobile, cluster)</li> <li>Identify capabilities, features, and uses for each type of computer system</li> <li>Identify criteria to evaluate and compare computing systems</li> </ul>
2. Networks and the Internet  K-12 Computer Science Framework CS for Arkansas Praxis 5652: Section V	<ul> <li>2.1 Be familiar with trade-offs between local, network, and cloud computing and storage <ul> <li>Identify advantages and disadvantages in terms of performance, cost, security, reliability, and collaboration</li> <li>Identify means of storing binary data</li> </ul> </li> <li>2.2 Be familiar with communication between devices <ul> <li>Identify and compare wireless communication systems</li> <li>Identify and compare wired communication systems</li> <li>Identify and compare network types</li> </ul> </li> <li>2.3 Know components of networks <ul> <li>Identify network hardware devices and their functions</li> <li>Describe possible abstraction models of networks</li> </ul> </li> <li>24 Be familiar with factors that have an impact on network functionality</li> </ul>

	<ul> <li>Estimate necessary bandwidth and data size for a given situation</li> <li>Identify critical resources for a given situation</li> <li>25 Be familiar with how Internet and Web protocols work</li> <li>Describe the purpose of protocols and identify common Internet and Web protocols</li> <li>Compare IPv4 and IPv6</li> <li>Identify and describe the basic parts of a URL (e.g., protocol, subdomain, domain name, port, path)</li> <li>Describe the hierarchical structure of names in the domain name system (DNS)</li> <li>Describe the purpose and function of IP addressing</li> <li>Identify how Internet protocols address reliability, redundancy, and error handling</li> <li>26 Be familiar with digital and physical strategies for maintaining security</li> <li>Identify characteristics of strong passwords (e.g., length, bits per character)</li> <li>Identify digital and physical security strategies</li> <li>Identify trade-offs in the use of security measures (e.g., encryption, description, digital signatures and certificates)</li> <li>27 Be familiar with concepts of cybersecurity</li> <li>Identify and define the five pillars of cybersecurity: confidentiality, integrity, availability, nonrepudiation, and authentication</li> <li>28 Be familiar with the components that make up the Web (e.g., HTTP, HTML, browsers, servers, clients)</li> <li>Identify the uses of markuplanguages</li> <li>Identify the purposes of browsers, servers, and clients</li> </ul>
3. Data and Analysis K-12 Computer Science Framework CS for Arkansas Praxis 5652: Section IV	<ul> <li>3.1 Understand bits as the universal medium for expressing digital information</li> <li>Perform calculations, using bits and bytes</li> <li>Determine the number of bits and bytes required to store a given amount of data</li> <li>Given the description of an encoding scheme, encode or decode data</li> <li>Describe lossy and lossless datacompression</li> <li>Explain why binary numbers are fundamental to the operation of computer systems</li> <li>32 Be familiar with concepts of data encryption and decryption</li> <li>Distinguish between encoding and encryption</li> <li>Identify trade-offs in the use of data encryption</li> </ul>

	<ul> <li>33 Know how to use computational tools, including spreadsheets, to analyze data in order to discover, explain, and visualize patterns, connections, and trends</li> <li>Transform data to make it more useful</li> <li>Identify specific data or characteristics of specific data that need to be removed or modified before an entire data set can be used</li> <li>Describe the use of spreadsheet operations (e.g., formulas, filters, sorts, charts, graphs) to analyze and visualize data</li> <li>34 Be familiar with the use of computing in simulation and modeling</li> <li>Describe questions that can be answered with a given simulation, or explain what data and process are required in a simulation in order to answer a given question</li> <li>Trace code in a simulation context</li> <li>Identify missing code in a simulation context</li> <li>Identify the impact of changes to simulations (e.g., more or fewer variables, more or less data)</li> <li>Identify applications of simulation and modeling</li> <li>35 Be familiar with methods to store, manage, and manipulate data</li> <li>Use terminology and concepts of files and databases</li> <li>Identify measures of file size (e.g., byte, kilo, mega, giga, tera, peta)</li> <li>Identify issues connected with the storage requirements of computing applications, including scale, redundancy, and backup</li> <li>36 Be familiar with a variety of computational methods for data collection, aggregation, and generation</li> <li>Identify the benefits of working with publicly available data sets</li> <li>Identify the types of data generated by surveys and sensors</li> <li>Identify appropriate data-collection methods for a given context</li> </ul>
4. Algorithms and Programming K-12 Computer Science Framework CS for Arkansas Praxis 5652: Section II and III	<ul> <li>4.1 Understand and apply knowledge of abstraction, pattern recognition, problem decomposition, number base conversion, and algorithm formats</li> <li>Understand abstraction as a foundation of computer science</li> <li>Know how to use pattern recognition, problem decomposition, and abstraction to develop an algorithm</li> <li>Understand number base conversion and binary, decimal, and hexadecimal number systems</li> <li>Understand how to develop and analyze algorithms expressed in multiple formats (e.g., natural language, flowcharts, pseudocode)</li> </ul>

- 42 Understand and apply knowledge of algorithms, recursive algorithms, and randomization
  - Be familiar with the limitations of computing in terms of time, space, and solvability as well as with the use of heuristic solutions that can address these limitations
  - Understand searching and sorting algorithms; can analyze sorting algorithms for correctness and can analyze searching algorithms for correctness and efficiency
  - Understand simple recursive algorithms (e.g., *n* factorial, sum of first *n* integers)
  - Be familiar with the use of randomization in computing
- 4.3 Understand and apply knowledge of programming control structures, standard operators, variables, correctness, extensibility, modifiability, and reusability
  - Understand how to write and modify computer programs in a text-based programming language
  - Understand how to analyze computer programs in terms of correctness
  - Know the concepts of extensibility, modifiability, and reusability
  - Understand the three basic constructs used in programming: sequence, selection, and iteration
  - Understand how to use standard operators (i.e., assignment, arithmetic, relational, logical) and operator precedence to write programs
  - Understand how to use variables and a variety of data types
- 4.4 Understand and apply knowledge of procedures, event-driven programs, usability, data structures, debugging, documenting and reviewing code, libraries and APIs, IDEs, and programming language paradigms, including object-orientedconcepts
  - Understand how to write and call procedures with parameters and return values
  - Know the concepts of event-driven programs that respond to external events (e.g., sensors, messages, clicks)
  - Be familiar with usability and use experience (e.g., ease of use and accessibility)
  - Be familiar with dictionaries/maps, stacks, and queues
  - Understand how to use debugging techniques and appropriate test cases
  - Be familiar with characteristics of well-documented computer programs that are usable, readable, and modular
  - Be familiar with techniques to obtain and use feedback to produce high-quality code (e.g., code reviews, peer feedback, end user feedback)

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	<ul> <li>Know how to use libraries and APIs</li> <li>Understand programming techniques to validate correct input and detect incorrect input</li> <li>Be familiar with the features and capabilities of integrated development environments (IDEs)</li> <li>Be familiar with the differences between low- and high-level programming languages</li> <li>Be familiar with different programming paradigms</li> <li>Know object-oriented programming concepts</li> <li>Be familiar with program compilation and program interpretation</li> </ul>
5. Impacts of Computing K-12 Computer Science Framework CS for Arkansas Praxis 5652: Section I	<ul> <li>5.1 Understand computing as a way of expressing creativity, solving problems, enabling communication, and fostering innovation in a variety of fields and careers</li> <li>Recognize that computers can be used to showcase creativity</li> <li>Recognize the benefits of using computers to solve problems</li> <li>Provide examples of how computers enable communication and collaboration</li> <li>Provide examples of how computers foster innovation</li> <li>Know the obstacles to equal access to computing among different groups and the impact of those obstacles</li> <li>Identify obstacles to equal access to computing among different groups and the impact of those obstacles</li> <li>Identify factors that contribute to the digital divide</li> <li>Match obstacles to equal access with effective solutions</li> <li>Understand beneficial and harmful effects of computing innovations and the trade-offs between them</li> <li>Analyze computing innovations in terms of their social, economic, and cultural impacts, both beneficial and harmful</li> <li>Identify trade-offs between beneficial and harmful effects of computer innovations</li> <li>Know different methods of protecting intellectual property rights and the trade-offs between them in a variety of contexts (e.g., Creative</li> </ul>
	<ul> <li>Commons, open source, copyright)</li> <li>Using correct vocabulary, describe how different methods of protecting intellectual property rights work</li> <li>Given a context, identify appropriate methods of protecting intellectual property rights</li> <li>Identify and compare trade-offs between different methods of protecting intellectual property rights</li> <li>Understand ethical and unethical computing practices and their social, economic, and cultural implications</li> </ul>

	<ul> <li>Identify ethical and unethical computing practices in context</li> <li>Describe the social, economic, and cultural implications of ethical and unethical computing practices</li> <li>Identify the conditions under which a given computing practice is ethical or legal</li> <li>Know privacy and security issues regarding the acquisition, use, and disclosure of information in a digital world</li> <li>Using correct vocabulary, describe privacy and security issues</li> <li>In context, identify appropriate strategies to safeguard privacy and ensure security</li> <li>Describe trade-offs between local and cloud-based data storage</li> <li>Identify methods that digital services use to collect information about users</li> </ul>
6. Computational Artifacts K-12 Computer Science Framework CS for Arkansas	<ul> <li>6.1 Plan the development of a computational artifact using an iterative process that includes reflection on and modification of the plan, taking into account key features, time and resource constraints, and user expectations</li> <li>6.2 Create a computational artifact for practical intent, personal expression, or to address a societal issue</li> <li>6.3 Modify an existing artifact to improve or customize it</li> <li>6.4 Systematically test computational artifacts by considering all scenarios and using test cases</li> <li>6.5 Identify and fix errors using a systematic process</li> <li>6.6 Evaluate and refine a computational artifact multiple times to enhance its performance reliability, usability, and accessibility</li> <li>6.7 Utilize bleeding edge technologies to create, develop, and present computational artifacts</li> </ul>
7. Emerging Trends CS for Arkansas	<ul> <li>7.1 Be familiar with emerging computing technologies (e.g., Internet of Nano Things, virtual reality, augmented reality)</li> <li>7.2 Be familiar with emerging networking technologies (e.g., smart grid communications, cloud computing, wireless sensor networks, wireless protocols, data transmission rates)</li> <li>7.3 Be familiar with emerging uses of data and methods of data analysis (e.g., artificial intelligence, neural networks, speech and image recognition, problem solving)</li> <li>7.4 Be familiar with emerging procedures and capabilities of programming (e.g., blockchain cryptocurrencies, blockchain ledger systems, artificial intelligence, Rust, Google Go, Swift, Hack, Julia)</li> <li>7.5 Be familiar with emerging impacts of computing (e.g., effects of robotics in manufacturing, ethical considerations of artificial intelligence, privacy issues with emerging technologies)</li> </ul>

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8. Pedagogy and Standards CSTA Standards ISTE Standards K-12 Computer Science Framework CS for Arkansas AP Computer Science Principles
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