# CHARTER AUTHORIZING PANEL

AUGUST 15, 2023 1:02 P.M.

### APPEARANCES

#### PANEL MEMBERS:

- DR. MATTHEW SUTHERLIN, Chairperson Coordinator of Standards Systems Support and Charter
- MR. PHIL BALDWIN, Retired Bank Executive
- MS. KARLI SARACINI, ADE Assistant Commissioner Educator Effectiveness and Licensure
- DR. SONJA WRIGHT-McMURRAY, Associate Director Division of Career and Technical Education
- MR. KIM DAVIS, Walton Family Foundation Senior Advisor
- MS. TOYCE NEWTON, Former State Board of Education Member
- DR. TINA MOORE, Arkansas Department of Higher Education Director of Workforce Development

## NON-VOTING PARTICIPANTS:

- MS. SHASTADY WAGNER, DESE Legal Counsel
- MS. DORIE SUMMONS, DESE Charter Schools Director
- MR. TRIPP WALTER, APSRC Staff Attorney

### LOCATION:

ARKANSAS DIVISION OF ELEMENTARY AND SECONDARY EDUCATION - Auditorium #4 Capitol Mall Little Rock, AR 72201

### INDEX

- ·· ··	Page
Call to Order	. 3
Consent Agenda	. 3
1. Minutes	. 3
Action Agenda	. 4
<ol> <li>Consideration of AMS Schools Arkansas         Open Enrollment Charter School         Application Request</li></ol>	. 4
Adjournment	. 66
Court Reporter's Certificate	67

#### PROCEEDINGS

#### CALL TO ORDER

1

2

3

4

5

6

7

8

9

10

11

12

13

14

15

16

17

18

19

20

21

22

23

24

CHAIR SUTHERLIN: All right. So good afternoon. The August 15th, 2023, meeting of the Charter Authorizing Panel is called to order.

Are we getting some feedback?

I'd like to welcome everyone to the Department of Education and ask that you all please silence your electronic devices. The goal is to facilitate a fair and responsible hearing, so therefore I ask that each person speaking please state your name and title for the record. I ask that you continue to speak clearly into the microphone throughout your presentation for the benefit of the Panel, this audience and the viewing audience. The meeting is being live streamed and recorded, and a transcript of the meeting will be posted on the DESE website.

#### CONSENT AGENDA II.

#### II.1. MINUTES

So we do have a consent agenda item today before you. It's actually the minutes from last month's If there are no questions, then I'd -- I'll meeting. accept a motion to pass the consent agenda.

DR. WRIGHT-McMURRAY: So moved.

MS. NEWTON: Second.

1	CHAIR SUTHERLIN: All right. All those in
2	favor?
3	(UNANIMOUS CHORUS OF AYES)
4	CHAIR SUTHERLIN: Any opposed? All right. The
5	motion passes.
6	III. ACTION AGENDA
7	III.1. CONSIDERATION OF AMS SCHOOLS ARKANSAS OPEN ENROLLMENT
8	CHARTER SCHOOL APPLICATION
9	All right. I'll call Ms. Wagner.
10	MS. WAGNER: Good afternoon, Panel Members.
11	It's good to see you again. Shastady Wagner with ADE
12	legal. So I'm just going to give you guys our
13	general hearing procedures. So the charter will
14	the Chair will swear in everybody who is testifying.
15	You can swear everybody in it once. The charter will
16	then get 20 minutes to present in their entirety.
17	The Chair can grant more time if you so choose. We
18	have not received any opposition, so after they
19	present their 20 minutes, I don't believe we have any
20	public comments either; is that right, Ms. Summons?
21	So we haven't received any public comments after they
22	present for their time, we can then begin our
23	deliberations and discussions.
24	CHAIR SUTHERLIN: Thank you.
25	MS. WAGNER: All right.

1 CHAIR SUTHERLIN: All right. Ms. Summons. MS. SUMMONS: Dorie Summons, Charter Office. 2 3 AMS Schools of Arkansas has submitted an application 4 to establish an open enrollment charter school 5 beginning in '24 -- the school year of 2024-2025 academic school year. The charter will follow a 6 7 traditional and college prep educational model, and 8 we do have a team of speakers here from AMS. 9 CHAIR SUTHERLINE: All right. Thank you. All 10 those who plan to testify would you stand and raise 11 your right hand. Do you promise to tell the truth, 12 the whole truth and nothing but the truth? 13 (ALL SPEAKERS ANSWERED AFFIRMATIVELY) 14 CHAIR SUTHERLIN: Thank you. 15 MR. GREENBURG: Dr. Sutherlin, members of the 16 Authorizing Panel, my name is Erik Greenberg. 17 the CEO for the Academies of Math and Science. 18 behalf of my team with us today, I want to thank you 19 for the time that we have to introduce you to the 20 Academy of Math and Science; and chat a little bit 21 about our program and our intent in coming to the 22 great state of Arkansas and serve the communities in 23 Little Rock. 24 Our agenda today -- going to spend a couple of 25 moments talking about the history, the vision and the impact of the Academies of Math and Science, go in and talk about our program here in Arkansas and how we plan to serve the -- the communities in Little Rock and then open to any Q and A that you all might have.

I want to quickly introduce the team that we have with us today. Mr. Nate Lowry, who is our chief academic officer. Ms. Kate Bracher, who will be our executive director for AMS Arkansas. Mr. Steven Hykes serves as our chief financial and growth officer. Ms. Brandi Adams is our chief operating officer. Mr. Robert Biggs is our chief information officer. Mr. Zach Larison, who is our chief of staff. And joining us today is Mr. Terry Warren, who serves as the Academy of Math and Science nonprofit attorney.

Real quick, I want to -- want to walk you through the history of the Academies of Math and Science. The founder, Ms. Tatyana Chayka, immigrated to the United States in Tucson, Arizona, back in 2000. Working multiple jobs, trying to make ends meet, her desire was to enroll her son in a high-quality school that served -- that taught a lot of sciences and math being a math teacher from her native country. In addition to that, she didn't have

enough money to teach him guitar, get him enrolled in arts, and so her desire was to build a school that focused on sciences -- on math, but also allowed all students to receive music instruction, have all access to arts, etc.

So in 2002, she started the Academy of Math and Science with 30 kids; and had a successful start of the of the school year; and realized very quickly that it was very expensive to operate a program offering all those things free of charge to those families in need. So serendipitously, through a visit by Ms. Cathy Lund from the Walton Foundation -visited the Academy of Math and Science, bought into the mission that Ms. Chayka had for the school and unfortunately Ms. Chayka had to communicate that she could no longer keep the school running because of the cost. Ms. Lund told her, do not close the Keep it going. Today, because of that, the school. Academy of Math and Science has served over 30,000 students and their families since 2002.

On behalf of our 900 staff members who passionately serve a little over 8,500 students across nine campuses in Phoenix and Tucson, our mission is very clear. It is through a well-rounded education to transform today's scholars into

25

tomorrow's global visionaries. We are very passionate and very driven by our mission to serve high FRL communities.

This is one of the main reasons why we are very, very excited and very passionate about serving the communities in Little Rock. We seek expansion in areas that have a lot of need, who we feel are under underserved, whose families and communities deserve a high level of education. We are extremely proud as we've gone through these past six to eight months of getting to know various community members in Arkansas, getting to know the education system, but most importantly, getting to know the families and the need in the communities. We're extremely excited and very proud to come to the state of Arkansas and serve — serve these families. Sorry, I keep hitting the wrong one.

Our vision is very simple and clear. It's to provide the best education and the best environment. We are driven by three specific values and that's: do whatever it takes, act with honor and be vulnerable, candid and kind. We promote these amongst all of our staff members who then promote them across all of our student base as we believe these three values can help lead to consistent growth

(501) 837-1299

and improvement across all of our schools.

We have three very specific objectives and that is to operate A-rated schools, having a data-driven approach to close academic gaps. We want to be fully enrolled and fully staffed. It is important for schools to be healthy schools, but also to have fully staffed schools to provide all the amenities and services to our students. And then our focus is growth and development both of our students -- of the learners -- of our families with our community-based approach as well as all of our staff members that focus on learning growth and development.

I'd like to introduce Mr. Nate Lowry who's going to walk through a few of our results over the past couple of years.

MR. LOWRY: Good afternoon, everyone. As Erik said, my name is Nate Lowry, and I am proud to serve as AMS' chief academic officer. I wanted to just talk -- I'll walk you through this slide that has lots of data. I know we're all educators, so we love looking at data.

I'm actually going to start at the bottom. So you'll see there these are results from the AASA, which is the Arizona Academic Standards Assessment; and at the bottom, it tells you the number of raw

points that campuses need to earn an A, B, C, etc.

Looking up at the top of the chart, you'll see those
are our nine campuses. We have seven schools in

Phoenix, two in Tucson, and in the second column
you'll see how our schools performed two years ago,
so 2021-2022, and right next to that, you'll see the
number of points that we were awarded for last year's
academic data.

So the state just released the points that we were able to earn based on our student achievement results. And we're really proud just to show you that in our first year -- many of us, this is our first year on this team -- we saw increases at every single one of our campuses for an average gain of just over eight percentage points. You'll see the last year's letter grade -- the 2021-2022: we had two A campuses, a couple of C campuses, many B campuses. The final column there is what our projected letter grade from the state of Arizona is. They have not released those yet, but if they keep the cut scores the same, we anticipate having all A and B campuses.

So really, really proud to say that we are the highest performing, largest charter school in the state serving over 75 percent free and reduced lunch

for our kiddos. And when I think about some of the ingredients in our secret sauce, I think the most important thing we did is what Erik talked about, we obsess over data at the network level, at the campus level, even in the classroom. We really look at data to drive our instruction. We place a premium on our people, so this past year we created a talent development department to make sure that every single person is successful in their job, not after one year or two years, but the moment that they step into that classroom or step onto that campus. And then finally, we made sure that all of our curriculum products are aligned to state standards and not the other way around which is what we plan to do here in Arkansas.

And then this last slide there just shows you the overall percent passing. This is all students, all tests across our schools and again, just really proud to share that we saw increases across every single one of them. We're not there yet. We know the best education, the best environment means every single one of our kids is passing every one of their exams, but really, really grateful and proud of the team for the improvement that we were able to show in just one year.

And with that, I would like to turn it over to Ms. Kate Bracher.

MS. BRACHER: Hi everyone, Kate Bracher, executive director for AMS Arkansas. So given our commitment to building exemplary schools in low-income neighborhoods, we are proposing that our first school in Arkansas be in Southwest Little Rock, so we can be uniquely positioned to serve the John Barrow, Windamere, Oak Forest and Terrytown neighborhoods, specifically.

Based on our research, we know that between 75 and 90 percent of students living in these communities currently are eligible for free and reduced-price lunch. We also know that within our ten-minute-drive-time boundary, an estimated 69 percent of students currently attend a D or F rated school. The first AMS school in Arkansas in Little Rock would be able to serve up to 600 K -- kindergarten through 8th grade students. And we would hope to be able to serve many more in the years to come.

This brings me to talk a little bit about the

AMS Little Rock model. Everything that we do is

centered around generating and sustaining

transformational outcomes for our students. Ensuring

that they have the tools and the resources that they need to build and design and ultimately achieve their wildest dreams. Our team of experienced educators know that adult actions and mindsets often create the enabling conditions and systems for this kind of transformational change to be possible. And so we have championed an impact model that you see on this slide that is really focused on building and developing empowered students who have effective educators every single year who are then sustained and supported by an invested community of partners and families.

To drill down one layer below that, we have five pillars on this slide that we believe are essential to our model. First and foremost, creating a student-centered culture. For us what that means is fostering a culture of high expectations driven by core values. Creating a warm, inviting environment so that our kids feel an authentic sense of belonging every single morning that they walk through our doors.

We also believe in designing instructional routines that place an emphasis on deliberate practice, a high ratio of student voice and discussion, constantly communicated rationale for why

they are learning and what they are learning as well as collaborative projects to -- that focus on real world application. Our emphasis on inquiry and visible learning is achieved through applying a lens of scientific investigation across every single content area through essential questions in our units coupled with the practice -- practice of constantly providing our students immediate feedback that will support the revision of their thinking and their work products to mastery.

Another golden thread throughout all of our contents is really honing in on the skill of elegantly using evidence to substantiate claims which we know is really going to prepare them for the — the real world beyond. We are deeply committed also to using high quality evidence-based curriculum and materials to support alignment and rigor in student learning and teacher internalization. And we are ready to learn absolutely everything that we can about the Arkansas state standards over the coming year to make sure that we can execute them at the highest level, especially given the ATLAS Assessments that are coming this spring.

Fourth, at AMS our educators receive weekly observations and immediate actionable feedback always

based in data and aligned to our standards for leader effectiveness and teacher effectiveness so that we're constantly measuring and monitoring progress against that high standard that we have developed.

Last but not least, we truly view ourselves as community schools prioritizing organization, proactive communication and authentic opportunities to collaborate inside of our school community. We base our offerings directly on community needs. One example of this being high quality before and after school care that really is integrated into our program and also can serve that need that families have. Woven together, these components allow us to create new pathways of opportunities for our students and families, and we're so excited to bring this mission to life in Arkansas.

And with that, I will turn it over to Steven Hykes.

MR. HYKES: So in the back of your handouts, you will see a juxtaposition of what the current site looks like and what we hope it can become. For those of you who are not familiar with this part of town, this will be a state-of-the-art facility to replace the facility that has been there since the 70s. This is a transformation for that community and investing

in that community an educational facility that they have not seen before and that will motivate them to come to school and be a part of this AMS community.

1

2

3

4

5

6

7

8

9

10

11

12

13

14

15

16

17

18

19

20

21

22

23

24

25

We have a purchase agreement in place for the former David O'Dodd Elementary School that's on sale by the Little Rock School District pending closing -pending the charter. There are site improvements to this, including a new ground-up facility that will include an indoor sports field with a performance stage, seven brand new classrooms, a full-length outdoor soccer field and a brand-new place -facility for K-3. Our break-even student enrollment for this model is 300 students. Previously, this campus served 253 students in the K-5 space. We will be serving the K-8 space. And the building is to be owned by a nonprofit support organization that will be funded through a public bond issuance which will have no obligation to the school or the state in the event that the charter is not renewed, or the school is not able to continue at some point in the future.

On this next slide, just showing the history of AMS Arizona, our historical and projected financials, which I think is important to showcase a couple of items. One, that we are good stewards of public funds, that we understand that a school that is --

does not have excellent financials is not sustainable. You can see today's cash on hand that has continued to build over time as well as the cash that's continued to build over time. But this also shows the support that is behind AMS Arkansas in the short term, should there -- we not meet those 300 student projections.

In conclusion, these are just some of the thousands of students whose lives have been affected and impacted by the education they received in AMS They serve as the foundation, along with the 20-plus years we've been doing educational work, to allow us to look outside the state of Arizona to serve additional communities. We have assembled a team of highly accomplished educators and subject matter experts who are passionate about education and ready to support Kate as she starts a new chapter in the AMS story. That first page is Little Rock. we are excited today about the opportunity to come alongside the state of Arkansas and the Department of Education to enhance the educational opportunities for families in Little Rock and across the state of Arkansas. Thank you.

CHAIR SUTHERLIN: Thank you. Ms. Wagner.

MS. WAGNER: All right. With that conclusion, I

25

1

2

1	think we will move straight into the legal review if
2	that is good with all of you? All right. Perfect.
3	So if you will pull that legal review up.
4	Tripp do you want to come up here?
5	MR. WALTER: Sure.
6	MS. WAGNER: Okay. So you will notice I'll
7	go through these one by one. So on the first one,
8	acquisitions of commodities, I didn't have any legal
9	concerns. They fully effectuated that. If you do
10	you have any questions about that one?
11	CHAIR SUTHERLIN: Any questions?
12	MS. WAGNER: Okay. Alternative learning
13	environment, they have fully effectuated that waiver
14	and I had no concerns about that. It's going to go
15	really fast.
16	CHAIR SUTHERLIN: Okay.
17	MS. WAGNER: For board of directors, everything
18	was good. I had no concerns about that. Was there
19	anything to add to board of directors? We're good.
20	MR. WALTER: Yeah.
21	MS. WAGNER: Okay.
22	CHAIR SUTHERLIN: Any question? Okay.
23	MS. WAGNER: Okay. For class size and teaching
24	load, they fully effectuated for the standard and the
25	rules and plan to compensate their teachers if they

1	go over is my understanding; correct? Perfect. Any
2	questions?
3	CHAIR SUTHERLIN: So I just I have a question
4	about looking at the lower-level grades, what
5	support will be provided? And I know I think it
6	said one to, like, one to 100 they would have a
7	paraprofessional?
8	MS. WAGNER: I will let the charter answer that
9	or the applicant
10	CHAIR SUTHERLIN: Yeah.
11	MS. WAGNER: answer that rather.
12	CHAIR SUTHERLIN: Yeah.
13	MR. HYKES: So as far as the support on the
14	lower grade levels, we tend to run a one-to-one ratio
15	for kinder
16	CHAIR SUTHERLIN: Uh-huh.
17	MR. HYKES: depending on the class sizes and
18	then the ratio goes up from there. So it will the
19	model will depend on the number of students fully
20	enrolled. But yes, to start we have a one to 100 and
21	it would go down from there. But most of that
22	support going to kinder and this lower grade
23	levels.
24	CHAIR SUTHERLIN: Okay. Thank you.
25	MS. WAGNER: Any other questions? All right.

1 Number five is classified employee minimum salary. 2 had no legal concerns. Number six is flag display. 3 I also had no legal concerns. Seven, gifted and 4 talented, no legal concerns. 5 CHAIR SUTHERLIN: Any questions about any of those? 6 7 MS. WAGNER: All right. Number eight, 8 instructional materials, no legal concerns. Number nine was leased academic facilities, legal concerns. 9 10 Number ten is library media specialist. No legal 11 Eleven, personnel policies, concerns. duty-free 12 lunch period, no legal concerns. Number 12 is daily 13 planning period. Also, no legal concerns. And No. 14 13 non-instructional duties, no legal concerns. 15 questions on any of those? Okay. 16 14 through 22 are also all personnel policies and I 17 had no legal concerns about any of them with the 18 caveat being on the website posting, the charter is 19 aware that it will have to have a salary schedule. 20 All right. Number 23 is principal, and I had no 21 legal concerns. Twenty-four is superintendent and 22 again, no legal concerns. Twenty-five is school 23 counselor and it's just that one standard, no legal 24 concerns. 25 CHAIR SUTHERLIN: So on that one is that -- is

1 that the ratio? MS. WAGNER: 2 Yes. 3 CHAIR SUTHERLIN: So --4 DR. WRIGHT-McMURRAY: I -- sorry. 5 CHAIR SUTHERLIN: Go ahead. Go ahead. DR. WRIGHT-McMURRAY: So I -- so looking at the 6 7 responses and that is provided -- or rationale 8 provided for the waiver, I would like a little bit 9 more explanation from the applicant on the ratio that 10 they have identified. And I -- and I know you kept 11 looking, but I was trying to flip through my notes 12 and you guys were going really fast, so some of my 13 other questions may come up during the question 14 section. But that's one that I know that I would 15 like a little bit more explanation on at this point. 16 MS. WAGNER: Okay. 17 MS. BRACHER: So for the counseling program 18 specifically, the way that we defended the ratio that 19 you see there is, we really just leveraged current 20 research on effectiveness to be able to support that 21 as well as the experience that this team has 22 operating with a similar ratio in Arizona. Given the 23 counseling program specifically, though, did want to 24 make sure that we noted that we are not waiving the

certification requirement for our counselors.

1 We're also not waiving the comprehensive 2 counseling program itself, so we fully intend to execute on every single aspect of that program making 3 4 sure that the counselor that we have on-site, in 5 person, every day devotes the majority of their time to direct student services. And then, of course, as 6 7 our school grows, if we realize that that ratio is 8 not effective or is not working, we are willing to 9 hire a second counselor as well. I will turn it over 10 to Nate. 11 MR. WALTER: Do you mind if I --12 Of course. Of course. MS. BRACHER: 13 MR. WALTER: Good afternoon. Tripp Walter, 14 staff attorney, Arkansas Public School Resource 15 I just wanted to add a couple points as to 16 what was not requested as a waiver. So you'll notice 17 that there was no counselor licensure waiver asked 18 for so there will be a fully licensed counselor -- or 19 counselors -- in place and also the full 20 comprehensive school counseling plan will be 21 administered by the school. 22 DR. MOORE: So regarding that same topic, were 23 you able to read the feedback -- our internal 24 feedback -- from our counseling office at the 25 Division of Elementary and Secondary Education that

1	cited specific quotes from the articles that you
2	provided that speak to the detriment of increased
3	ratios?
4	MS. BRACHER: Yes, we did. We also given the
5	research that we were able to use and the discourse
6	that we were able to engage in just responding to
7	that feedback, we definitely kind of assert we
8	assert and acknowledge that a lower ratio is always
9	going to be more effective for student services.
10	However, we are we have every confidence in our
11	ability to execute this comprehensive counseling
12	program at the ratio cited and are willing to adjust
13	and pivot as needed just to prioritize student needs.
14	CHAIR SUTHERLIN: All right. Any other
15	questions on that one?
16	DR. WRIGHT-McMURRAY: I I have a couple, but
17	we can just move forward with the rest of the waivers
18	
19	CHAIR SUTHERLIN: Okay.
20	DR. WRIGHT-McMURRAY: then I'll go back to
21	that question.
22	CHAIR SUTHERLIN: Okay. All right. Thank you.
23	MS. BRACHER: Thank you.
24	MS. WAGNER: Okay. The next one up is teacher
25	licensure and I have no legal concerns. And then the

last one is transportation; and I have no legal 1 concerns with that one either. They have stated that 3 they will provide, of course -- if an IP requires 4 transportation, it will be provided. So I have no 5 legal concerns about any of that. 6 CHAIR SUTHERLIN: Okay. 7 MS. WAGNER: So I will turn it over to the 8 charter. 9 CHAIR SUTHERLIN: All right. Thank you very 10 much. Do we have some questions from anyone on the 11 Panel? 12 DR. BALDWIN: Just go down? 13 CHAIR SUTHERLIN: Yeah. 14 DR. MOORE: I have further questions about the 15 class size. I -- I feel like you addressed maybe the 16 teaching load part, but as far as the class size in 17 the early grades, could you speak more to that 18 because I have concerns with kindergarten classes 19 that have 30 or more students. 20 MR. HYKES: Yes. So as far as class size, we 21 did ask for a maximum of 30 which is actually a 22 departure from our Arizona model which is 34 to 36 23 students K-8 consistently. So in terms of that 24 waiver, we are feeling like we know it is a higher 25 number than the state of Arkansas Has on the books

and what you all are used to, but we also know that we're coming down from the size that we're used to and not changing the program there.

So we are asking for 30. There may be less than that depending on who enrolls. But we think with the paraprofessional support as well as the professional development that we give teachers to meet that class size, we feel that our academic results that we presented today were achieved using that same class size and we feel like with similar deficits educationally. So we feel that — that is important to us to be able to serve as many community — people in the community as possible, and we also feel that limiting that class size to a lower number that's currently the standard prohibits as many folks in the community from joining the school as possible.

CHAIR SUTHERLIN: Dr. Moore, did you have any other questions?

DR. MOORE: I will just mention with the -- math and science being in the title, I didn't see a lot of explicit attention to how math and science would be taught differently, more aggressively than in a regular school.

MS. BRACHER: Yeah. I can absolutely respond to that. So with the model that we have components of

mathematics and science are woven throughout thinking about our lens of scientific investigation and focus on, you know, evidence substantiating claims. All of those components we weave into every single content that we have regardless -- regardless of the subject matter.

And so it really is the spirit of ensuring that our students are prepared for, you know, the next generation of jobs; and making sure that in addition to comprehensively offering English and social studies and arts and all of the things that are critically important to the development of students that we really emphasize microelectives that allow for coding opportunities or some more of those technical skills that we know our students are going to need. So that's driven kind of the focus that we've embedded there, but I'll -- I will turn it over to Nate for just a little bit of extra.

MR. LOWRY: Yeah. Thank you for that question. So in addition to having computer science, a lot of our after-school clubs are geared towards the STEM sort of field. So think engineering, think mathematics, but you'll also see you in your resources, you have kind of a day in the life of a scholar, and we added increased instructional time to

both math and reading.

One, because we know that teachers don't have time a lot of times to teach both the fundamental skills that kids need as well as the conceptual understanding. But then in addition to that, every day kids have time in what we call G.A.M.E which stands for goals are my everything and that is where the kids are going to the classes where they specifically need additional help or additional enrichment for kids who are already at or above grade level. And that time typically will focus on reading for kids who are way behind in reading and then math and science for kids who are getting that sort of enrichment piece. Appreciate the question though.

CHAIR SUTHERLIN: Thank you.

MS. NEWTON: I have a question. Other than the public meeting, what tools or approaches have you used to assess the potential population for the campus in this -- AMS?

MS. BRACHER: Sure. I'll start from my

perspective and then we'll also bring in any team

members who were involved much earlier than I was.

For my own role being the executive director of AMS

Arkansas, you know, as soon as I had the honor of

stepping into this role, I personally moved myself

and my family to Little Rock. I've been here for about two months so far.

But my goal in doing that and to also address your question is to really start building strong community partnerships and relationships within the Little Rock community to ensure that, you know, upon hopeful, successful authorization, we have some networks in place to be able to leverage and be able to use. And a big part of that has been entrenching myself into this community and speaking with perspective families and community members just on what their hopes and dreams are for their kids; and for what they want; and their ideal school, just to better understand that.

So from my perspective, step one was really getting here to Little Rock and ensuring that I was devoting the appropriate time and space to getting to know the community. I will turn it over to anyone from our team who wants to speak a little bit about what came before.

MR. LOWRY: Yeah. I would agree with everything Kate said and then just want to really share our point of view is that our academic model really should be the same everywhere. Obviously, we'll adapt our standards, but the quadratic formula in

Arkansas is the same quadratic formula in Arizona, but the look and feel of a school really should reflect the different needs of the community. And that's something we want to partner with community leaders and parents and guardians on because the culture should reflect the area that we -- that we want to serve.

Of our nine schools now, many of them look different. Our kids are all going in the same direction. We want them to be college and/or career ready, but in terms of like the culture and how we want the school to feel, that's something we're definitely engaging with stakeholders as we move through the process.

If anybody wants to add anything?

MR. LOWRY: The last thing I would just add there, Kate talked about it, the genesis of why coming to Arkansas or Little Rock. Prior to the pandemic, we knew that there was educational needs across the nation that we felt that we could serve because our mission is different than a lot of charter organizations where we specifically focus on those high FRL populations; and we specifically focus on those areas where there is not great school choice.

So from that we start -- when the pandemic happened as everybody did, kind of re-pivoted and looked internally to see how we make sure we still served our students in Arizona. As we've come out of that pandemic, we repositioned our look across the national landscape. We looked at over 20 different 7 states and communities to understand the challenges they would face. And we kept coming back to Arkansas and, specifically, Little Rock in that we felt what 10 was the -- what was the need? We showed it on the slide that over -- close to 70 percent of students in 12 this high FRL area were in D and F rated schools. 13 They did not have school choice. That choice was 14 forced upon them to attend these D and F rated 15 16 A-rated education. 17 18 19 20

1

2

3

4

5

6

8

9

11

21

22

23

24

25

schools, so we knew that there is demand for an In addition to that, as we met with folks from Arkansas and, specifically, Little Rock, we just saw the passion that was there to not be the status quo. Coming from Arizona we should be looking up at Arkansas in some ways. You all are in the -- in the middle of the pack educationally, but you're not where you wanted to be, and we saw an opportunity to come alongside and partner with that.

We've met no resistance to that as Kate --

everyone we've met in this community from folks we've partnered with to design the school, to build the school, to market the school, anyone we talked to is excited about this opportunity for the specific communities in the areas we're serving and that we're not just coming in to just be another school to water down a product, we are here to change that educational landscape in Little Rock. And thus far we've -- we've seen nothing but support to do that.

1

2

3

4

5

6

7

8

9

10

11

12

13

14

15

16

17

18

19

20

21

22

23

24

25

Tripp Walter, APSRC. MR. WALTER: I just wanted to kind of piggyback a little on that -- on the community piece and emphasize the importance of community. This is something that there's been no pushback on. You notice the Little Rock School District is not here today in opposition. As far as I know, has not submitted anything. The -- AMS, as they mentioned, is in the purchase of -- the process of purchasing the building from Little Rock School District. Being able to provide a continuity of educational services in that community -- so I think those are additional points to speak as to how community minded and community oriented and how much they want to be here and serve that portion of the Little Rock area with their educational model.

DR. WRIGHT-McMURRAY: Okay. So circling back

around to my previous question about the school counseling ratio. So I -- I do appreciate that there was not a request to waive the certification for that, but thinking about the population that you have described in your application that you are intending to serve -- and typically those students will have greater need versus less -- so I would like a little bit more explanation on the rationale for the higher ratio. And -- unless I'm not reading it correctly? I've been trying to wrap my mind around it and I'm having a bit of a struggle why we feel as if -- that 600 to one would be reasonable for this population of students.

MR. HYKES: So as Kate alluded to as well, we know that the research we provided does state in there that 600 -- we feel that we can still adequately serve that population. That is also based on our experience in Arizona. But we also recognize that if we were to come down to that lower ratio which is required with our 600-student cap, we'd be well below that 450. So it is our intention as we grow as we get more economies and more efficient, that we're nearing in that 450 ratio which we think -- we agree with, as Kate mentioned, the lower ratio over time is better, but for the outset of the school

-- we do have a ratio of one to 600 in Arizona. We do see success with that with the other supports we put in place. And we do think that that one to 450 would serve as a as a barrier to our students as a whole at the outset of launching this school. And I know Nate has some more color on this.

DR. WRIGHT-McMURRAY: And also, as you're transitioning to the other presenter, could you provide a little bit more detail on what that comprehensive plan looks like? How is it implemented in your schools now? Are there other staff members that are involved in this process? If I could have a little more detail there, that would be helpful also.

MR. LOWRY: For sure. And then Kate might have some things to add. So what you'll notice in the — the day of the life of is every day our kids participate in morning meeting. There's a curriculum that we use called CharacterStrong. It's research based. We think of it as the sort of the tier one intervention for kids who otherwise wouldn't have the social skills to deal with some of the things that that you're mentioning. Obviously, that doesn't work for everyone, but it is something that is — every kid gets that every single day. We chose that because it is research based for Title I schools and

it's quite frankly an easier lift on teachers. It
doesn't involve a lot of extra sort of planning
things because we don't want to put that on folks.
 In terms of the comprehensive support plan for

In terms of the comprehensive support plan for students, we follow the MTSS process just like we do for special education. And what our counselors ultimately try to do is move kids off of their caseload. They want to reduce the amount of time that they're seeing that counselor if they're able to. It doesn't always happen, but if they're able to because they're giving those kids the additional skills and coping mechanisms to really help them become better versions of themselves despite what might be going on outside of home. And then I will — the only other thing I would name is that we obviously partner with local agencies as we need to to bring in additional help and additional support as we partner with families.

DR. WRIGHT-McMURRAY: So that seems to address the personal counseling part. So how are we supporting their career counseling needs?

MR. LOWRY: So -- I'm sorry. I didn't hear the question.

DR. WRIGHT-McMURRAY: That seems to address the personal counseling components that are necessary,

but how are we addressing their career counseling needs? So as we're thinking about the student with their personal needs --

MR. LOWRY: I see.

DR. WRIGHT-McMURRAY: -- how they come to us, those -- addressing that. But on the other side of it, the school counselor is also responsible for providing that support as relates to career exploration, career readiness -- and I notice there's some mention of that in the application, but that's not really fleshed out as well to me to be able to understand how that's going to operate again with the ratio being as high as it is.

MR. LOWRY: Kate, do you want to talk a little bit about that?

MS. BRACHER: And you're correct that in our application there was just brief reference to this, but we really see this as an integrated component of our student success plans. And that being a really — we're passionate about data tracking and data-driven portfolios that our students keep. You heard a little bit about our Goals Are My Everything time where students are receiving meaningful extension intervention that is unique to them and they're engaging in academic practice unique to them.

1 A key component of that is really cultivating and 2 creating a portfolio from the moment that a student 3 comes to us where they are the owners of their data 4 and their progress. A key component of this is 5 thinking about interest inventories at different levels as appropriate on a grade level band. 6 7 Thinking about what is appropriate to talk about 8 career exploration in the K-5 space versus what kind 9 of survey or inventories that our students can take 10 in 8th grade to really hone in on what are my 11 strengths as a student and how could this translate 12 into what I might pursue in a high school of my 13 choice or what I might pursue in a career of my 14 choice. So those student success plans begin with 15 our student from the -- our students from the moment 16 that they come with us, and those portfolios travel 17 with them every single year. And our G.A.M.E time is 18 a really important aspect of when those come to life 19 and when our students interact with them. 20 regular basis throughout the year, we also invite 21 parents to parent-teacher conferences and student 22 exhibition nights where career exploration is 23 directly woven into those portfolios. 24 DR. WRIGHT-McMURRAY: And just one -- sorry. 25 Also looking at your application, I noticed that you

do reference, like, coding or robotics or some things that you plan to offer. And so as we look at other ways to support students that are -- as we we're thinking about career technical education, there are some expectations that grade 5-8 that students will have access. And so when -- I didn't see a waiver against any of that, so I'm anticipating that you're going to follow the expectation of what is needing to be in place. But what is that going to look like for students outside of the courses, but again also that support of preparing, as you mentioned, to go into high school curriculum and being able to have access to those CTE courses?

MS. BRACHER: Yes. And first and foremost, we absolutely will follow every single requirement in what you just mentioned, 100 percent. Within -- for our students who are ready for the academic challenge within that G.A.M.E time, that is an opportunity for the microelectives that we mentioned in our application to focus on: coding, robotics, Adobe, Photoshop, whatever. It really is aligned to student interests and led by the teachers. That's one aspect of it. As well as just after-school extracurriculars that can also focus on these different interests aligned to career and technology -- yes -- computer

and -- computer science and technology careers in the future.

We also though plan to bring in community members and community partners who can be speakers and role models for our students and can also leverage different programs that are embedded within the Little Rock community to give them that exposure through the partnerships that could happen through extracurricular times or different exhibitions throughout the year.

DR. MOORE: Just to add on to

Dr. Wright-McMurray's questions about the counseling

piece. So although Arkansas' ratio is 450 to one,

you know, that's the maximum. It's not necessarily

the saying that's even best when we say that then.

MS. BRACHER: Of course.

DR. MOORE: Counseling -- American School

Counseling Association recommends 250 to one. And

Arizona, actually, it's my understanding has the -the, you know, what's quote is the worst ratio in the

United States. It's the highest ratio for
counseling. So when it's mentioned that if you had

two counselors, it would be 300 to one potentially
and how that's so much lower. That's -- you know,
the 450 is the max. It's not saying that we

recommend 450.

MS. BRACHER: Of course.

DR. MOORE: So would there be any consideration or is it just not within your model to support having a lower ratio?

MS. BRACHER: I'll first turn it over to Steven and then I'll answer from the programmatic components to follow up.

MR. HYKES: Yeah. I would say again, it is not currently part of our model. You're absolutely correct that Arizona has historically not done a good job of supporting students on the counseling side. That's something that we recently were awarded a national grant to add additional counselors to our schools because the state was not providing that support and funding.

And again, none of us are here disputing that a lower ratio is best for students at the end of the day. But we do know that the resources for our programs and the resources for students as a whole does not at this time allow us to go beyond that -- or go lower than that 600 ratio which is why we asked for that. Again, we do believe that we've had the academic success and support of our students with that ratio, but with a movement towards lower -- that

being an area where we would eventually look to lower.

So I do understand that that is the highest bar in Arkansas, that 450, but again, with our experience and what we've seen in Arizona, we do not -- and all the other supports that Nate and Kate have already talked about -- we've seen that our students are able to be successful at that one to 600 ratio for us that being our high bar.

DR. MOORE: Thank you.

CHAIR SUTHERLIN: Do you have a question, Mr. Baldwin?

MR. BALDWIN: Yeah. Let me ask a few questions and maybe approach this from a different way. So I'm looking at the sheet that shows that you guys have A and B schools, but two C schools; and I was intrigued by your handout that shows that you expect one of those C schools to move up to be in an A school next year. And so I was -- I really want to ask you, why do you -- why do you believe that's going to happen and what specific things are you doing to achieve that?

And then as you answer that question, think through the population of students in Southwest Little Rock who are currently D and F students and

explain how the movement at Peoria could mirror the movement in Southwest if you think it would. And I'd be interested in knowing how -- how many years do you think it will take you to improve the grades for the Southwest students because the schools that they are currently attending are not good, so help us understand that process.

MR. LOWRY: Sure. I'll start and then I'll turn it over to Kate. So I think quite frankly high expectations and not allowing anyone to make excuses for the challenges that our kids are facing while also understanding and having empathy was a huge reason why we were able to see these results.

And something we didn't include in here, but I'm also really proud of is that we retained a significantly higher number of our students at every one of our campuses this year than we did before. So what you're seeing on these academic results, they're not coming at the expense of taking out kids who can't perform or kids who don't know how to do the things that we need them to do. We simply believe that they can do it and then we teach them that.

We also had, in full transparency, a leadership change at that campus. We now have an executive principal there, someone who is mentoring to resident

principals so that we can see these kinds of gains in all of our schools and not just one. And obviously, when you have a really strong, effective leader who believes that all kids are capable of achieving no matter what, we just need to get them there, you really can move -- move mountains. And that's exactly what we saw this past year at Peoria and what we absolutely believe we can do here in Little Rock. It took us one year at Peoria. I can -- we can do it in one year here as well.

MR. BALDWIN: You -- in your -- and I'm going to ask a few financial questions, so maybe you guys can change places. So I see that you -- that you're estimating 486 students in the first year and I'm wondering if you have ever missed that, you know, that's, you know, that's a best guess. I know you're going to work hard towards that.

It goes back to Ms. Newton's question, but are you are you confident with that and you -- have you -- do you have a good track record of that? And then what happens if you don't hit it? And I appreciate the break-even number of 300 students. So that was another question, but how comfortable are you -- because that's a lot of kids in one year. So tell us how you're going to do that.

MR. HYKES: Yes. And -- and I apologize, it -it's probably sounding like a refrain. We know that
Arkansas is different than Arizona, but in my almost
eight years of experience with this organization,
we've been launching 1000-plus schools from the jump
in Arizona for over five years. That goes to the
passion of which we believe the need is there.

So we know that there are a lot of charter schools that start small K-1, K-2, K-3 -- kind of grow -- as Nate talked about, retain those students and grow them. We don't think that that necessarily serves all of the community members that need served. So when you ask that number seems large, to us that number seems small, and we will feel like we were unsuccessful if we don't hit that 486.

We develop marketing systems and metrics; we talk about data a lot. There's data on how you enroll students, which families, how they engage in the process, how likely are they to attend, where should we be at different parts and different months to hit those numbers. So we obsess over data in many different ways. So to us again, that 486 number is a low bar for us, but is set there to make sure that we all know what we're working --

MR. BALDWIN: Okay.

MR. HYKES: -- towards.

MR. BALDWIN: So you've never missed?

MR. HYKES: Have we ever missed in the past? So we have not missed our initial projections. We have had -- Nate mentioned Peoria, that is a turn around campus for us, if you will, that -- in the first year we hit the enrollment mark, but because we didn't have the correct leadership there, we did lose those students; we did lose those families. And we hit -- in the second year -- a low watermark and we learned a lot from that experience.

So we're not coming into this as -- as a group that's always been successful. We've had our failures. Peoria has been a -- has -- had been a struggle for us in the past. And so what did we learn? Something that I wanted to add to what Nate said is we never gave up on that campus. We looked for the right leader. We looked to that community and said we need to serve them better and we never gave up. We knew the potential was there.

And as I showed in the -- in the presentation, there is a strong financial strength backing this network that can fill those temporary gaps in the event we didn't even meet the 300. But we think with the team we have assembled, with the facility we're

1 providing to this community and with the passion with 2 which we want to serve this community, we believe 3 undoubtedly, we will get there. 4 MR. BALDWIN: So my -- my last question is on 5 the facility. MR. HYKES: Yes, sir. 6 7 MR. BALDWIN: So you are close to buying the 8 facility from the school district which I think is a 9 good sign that the school district is selling that to 10 Will that -- will that building be remodeled 11 and complete before '24? 12 MR. HYKES: That's always the -- the \$1,000,000 13 question -- multi \$1,000,000 question -- as I've done 14 these projects time and time again, that is one thing 15 we have never missed. We have never missed a school 16 start date. Now, a lot of sleepless nights; I've --17 I've missed sleep, but we haven't missed an opening. 18 So we are confident with the partners that were 19 recommended to us with a passion. We met with them 20 very early on in this process and the edict to them 21 was we cannot miss a start date. This is not a 22 corporate office. This is -- this is a school that 23 families are counting on to be open when we say and 24 even open sooner than that because these are 25 staff/teachers that thrive on routine and want to be

1 in there early. They don't want to be there the same 2 day as the students. So yes, you've put even more 3 pressure on me now with this question, but we will be 4 open --5 MR. BALDWIN: Well --MR. HYKES: -- by the start of the school year. 6 7 MR. BALDWIN: Why -- I would say that especially 8 in low-income communities that if you invest in them, 9 they will invest in you because they're not used to 10 investments in them. And so the building itself, I 11 think, will help you with your numbers. When they 12 see that if that -- if it looks like what you have in 13 the picture, that's a lot better than the David 14 O'Dodd building looks now. 15 MR. HYKES: Yes, sir. And I will add to that 16 question, we do have a contingency plan as always in 17 place. A ground up would be the one area where we 18 think we might need more time should we need it. But 19 through the remodeling of the existing facility, Kate 20 and I have already discussed what that looks like 21 with the 486 students. So we have a contingency plan 22 in place, but again, it's -- it's not -- not our 23 intention nor --24 MR. BALDWIN: So -- so finally to conclude the 25 -- the bond issuance, explain that in a little bit

more detail --

MR. HYKES: Yes, sir.

MR. BALDWIN: -- about who that -- who does that, and I noticed in your budget that your interest carry on that's 564,000 in year one. So that's a substantial carry. So maybe just explain that to us.

MR. HYKES: Yes. So we have worked in the past with RBC Capital. John Snyder leads the national charter group there. They have never had a default in his thirty years leading that, so they -- we -- when we partner with them, they know us, and we know them. And they know to look at what we're doing and does it work. We're not building a school that doesn't support -- is not supported by the students.

That process looks like we go out to the national investor markets, your big capital houses, BlackRock, things that invest in 401k's, etcetera. Through our track record, we are BB+ rated school network in Arizona. We're super proud of that. We started as a non-rated and over those five years have worked up to double BB+. For a network of our size, that's pretty tremendous work we've done. And so that debt is issued, it is 100 percent on this nonprofit support organization to make those payments. And again, in the event of default or the

1	school closing, those folks that invested in those
2	bonds would be the ones that would would miss out.
3	MR. BALDWIN: How many schools do you have now
4	that are funded by bonds?
5	MR. HYKES: All nine of our campuses are
6	currently publicly funded. In Arizona, we do not
7	have the ability I believe it's similar here in
8	Arkansas. We do not have the ability to raise bonds
9	through the taxpayers, so our bonds are backed 100
10	percent by our state equalization.
11	MR. BALDWIN: Okay. Thank you.
12	MR. HYKES: Yes, sir.
13	CHAIR SUTHERLIN: And, Mr. Davis, I haven't
14	forgotten about you yet, but I think Ms. Saracini has
15	some questions she wants to ask.
16	MS. SARACINI: Yes. I would like for you to
17	explain I know you're asking for a licensure
18	waiver, but in the state of Arkansas with that
19	waiver, you still have to meet the requirements of
20	Arkansas qualified teacher. Can you explain to me
21	how you are going to reach to meet those
22	requirements?
23	MS. BRACHER: Yes. And so we absolutely and
24	we made sure to emphasize this in our application as
25	well we will absolutely ensure that they meet

those standards to be highly qualified in the state of Arkansas. We -- and even with all of our -- the teaching candidates that we will be -- that we'll be hiring, we will -- the ideal scenario in state is that they do have the licensure and they have the required certifications. In absence of that, I as an executive director and principal, really look at experience. I look at licensure by reciprocity as well as the content areas that they have their degrees in so that it aligns with their teaching assignments. I have an incredibly high bar for the teachers that go in front of our kids. We just also recognize that given our launch year, given kind of coming into a new state and given the state of teaching right now on a national scale, that was the rationale for asking for that. But in practice, we would really be pursuing either looking for candidates that have that licensure and certification or throughout the -- their first year with us really encouraging that they pursue that. MS. SARACINI: And I don't -- I'm going to bring

MS. SARACINI: And I don't -- I'm going to bring this to your attention too. Our science of reading, you have to have -- all teachers by 2023, have to be proficient or on an intensive support plan. Are you aware of that?

1

2

3

4

5

6

7

8

9

10

11

12

13

14

15

16

17

18

19

20

21

22

23

24

1	MS. BRACHER: Yes, we are aware of that. Yeah.								
2	And coming from Texas, deeply entrenched in the								
3	science of teaching, reading will be the first								
4	assessor with that that we will ensure that we meet								
5	compliance for every single one of our staff members								
6	with that.								
7	MS. SARACINI: Well, I hope you reach out to my								
8	office								
9	MS. BRACHER: Absolutely.								
10	MS. SARACINI: Educator Effectiveness and								
11	Licensure and we have people on staff that can help.								
12	MS. BRACHER: Absolutely. We really look								
13	forward to partnering on that.								
14	CHAIR SUTHERLIN: Thank you. Thank you.								
15	MS. BRACHER: Thanks.								
16	CHAIR SUTHERLIN: All right. Mr. Davis, do you								
17	have any questions?								
18	MR. DAVIS: I do. Can everyone hear me?								
19	CHAIR SUTHERLIN: Yes.								
20	MR. DAVIS: Yeah. Fantastic. First of all,								
21	thank you to my Charter Panel Members, they have								
22	asked most of the questions that I have written down,								
23	but I do have a couple of questions.								
24	First, I want to go ahead and support I think								
25	what is coming through loud and clear when it comes								

to the idea of lowering the counselor/teacher -counselor/student ratio. Just as you have kind of
been able to identify some additional support in
Arizona, I would hope that that same sort of vigor of
identification and support in order to lower that
ratio is something that happens in Arkansas as well.
So that's more of a statement, not a question.

Some of my -- a couple of my questions -- let's stay on the teacher leadership bit. I'm a firm believer that that person in front of the students are the most important piece. Considering that you've now done this, you've replicated the model a number of times in Arizona, can you give me an understanding of how you look for, identify and help teachers make a decision that your institution is the place that you'd like to be?

I mean, it's one thing to say, you know, we're looking for experienced teachers who demonstrate it; right? But there's a fight for talent, so help me understand why would a teacher select your institution versus another institution, and what have you learned as you continue to expand out to the state of Arkansas in regards to how teachers think about where they might want to be? And I think these are all lessons for us to think about as we do this

work across the state and glean some of the insight. So I'm asking from an understanding perspective to try to glean some of the insight in how you've been able to be successful in doing that.

MR. LOWRY: Yeah. I can start and then turn it over to Kate. So what I -- that was one of the things I spoke about us creating a talent development We -- when we say best education and best team. environment, we let our teachers know that we mean that for them too. We want them to be continually growing and we want to develop them. We tell them from the very beginning, we are going to pour into you even from the moment the interview happens. they do a sample lesson and they get feedback and they're asked to do it again, that could be really scary for some folks, but a lot of people actually walk away really enjoying that experience. understand that, like, that feedback helps them become a better teacher. And to your point, we're not getting a ton of experienced teachers. Unfortunately, we're taking some of our, you know, people who are straight out of college and helping turn them into really great teachers. So that's one of the things that we tell them is we really are going to pour into you whether you start off as a

para or a teacher, we want your career to really grow at AMS. And then we also find folks who are really passionate about the kids that we serve. We look to find people who live in the communities that we serve to teach because we know that they are invested in and care about the kids who come through their door every single day.

The only thing I will add to what MS. BRACHER: Nate just shared is, you know, beyond mindset and a true passion for working with kids, which has to be the No. one when you're looking for teaching candidates as well as the culture of feedback and really ensuring that, you know, we are prioritizing our teachers' development above all else. You know, as a -- as a former principal and about to be the founding principal, something that is incredibly important to me about leadership is that leaders are in classrooms 90 percent of the time if not more, right there hand in hand with our teachers, not only coaching and supporting them, but also having their backs and jumping in to support instruction in the moment if that's what that means; and really being right there in the everyday fabric of -- of leading a school.

And so I, you know, knowing what teachers need

1

2

3

4

5

6

7

8

9

10

11

12

13

14

15

16

17

18

19

20

21

22

1	right now, they are hungry for that support. I would								
2	also say, you know, the adoption of high-quality								
3	instructional materials so that the focus really								
4	becomes on teacher internalization of high-quality								
5	material and taking away the burden of teachers								
6	having to source materials or go to Teachers Pay								
7	Teachers or other places just to find a lesson plan,								
8	having that codified having those codified								
9	instructional materials in front of them, and really								
10	focusing on the rehearsal of excellent lessons takes								
11	an immense burden away from teachers, but also really								
12	works in service to students.								
13	CHAIR SUTHERLIN: Thank you. Dr. Wright								
14	McMurray, did you have any further questions?								
15	MR. DAVIS: Well, there are a couple more								
16	questions I have.								
17	CHAIR SUTHERLIN: Oh, okay.								
18	DR. WRIGHT-McMURRAY: He did.								
19	CHAIR SUTHERLIN: Sorry.								
20	DR. WRIGHT-McMURRAY: Yeah.								
21	CHAIR SUTHERLIN: I apologize.								
22	MR. DAVIS: That's okay. That's not a not a								
23	problem at all.								
24	DR. WRIGHT-McMURRAY: He knows I typically have								
25	have a ton. So								

MR. DAVIS: Do you -- what is the -- what is the number and/or percentage of students that self -- self-select out of your institutions on an annual or yearly basis? Is it -- are we talking -- you know, out of -- how many students do you need to replenish students who have self-selected out on some of your campuses? What does that look like?

MS. BRESSLER: I get a turn. My name is Brandi Adams Bressler and I'm the chief operations officer for AMS. So what we've found in our Arizona campuses is that depending on the campus, obviously, we see anywhere from a 30 percent up to more like a 20 percent turnover rate.

We do find that that is often -- we track the reasons students leave. Arizona is a very transient area both with people moving out of the state and just transferring to different neighborhoods within the Phoenix area and -- and back and forth to Tucson. So a high number of the students that we see that are leaving are actually transferring from one of our campuses to another. So that gives us a lot of comfort that although they are experiencing some transition in their home lives, that they're choosing to come to another AMS campus. So that's a -- kind of little feather in our cap.

Thanks.

CHAIR SUTHERLIN: Thank you.

MR. DAVIS: Yeah. Thanks for that. One last question from me and I think you've kind of gone into a little bit and -- and you've obviously provided some information. Can you bring the light -- can you bring to light to me this idea of, you know, the AMS -- how do I know I'm engaging with the student who's at AMS? Like, what -- what is -- what is distinctive about the interactions with students at AMS? Or another way to put this, when I step on your campus, what am I going to see at AMS that I might not see anywhere else?

MR. LOWRY: I think you're going to see kids that are learning really rigorous material and are joyful about learning that material. So we want our kids to be excited about going to science; right? Like, recess should not be the only thing that's fun at school. We want kids -- you're going to hear kids say something like, I haven't gotten this yet, but I'm working on it and I'm going to get it. And they are in love with the rigor that they're experiencing in their classrooms.

MR. DAVIS: Fantastic. No other questions from me. Thank you, Mr. Sutherlin.

1 CHAIR SUTHERLIN: Thank you. Dr. 2 Wright-McMurray. 3 Just for my clarification, DR. WRIGHT-McMURRAY: 4 looking back because I was trying to get back through 5 all my notes, as it relates to LEARNS, is there an expectation that your salaries will comply with the 6 7 LEARNS Act? I was just trying to get a sense from 8 your description in the application if that was the 9 case? 10 MR. HYKES: Yeah. So I did budget for forward 11 looking knowing that the minimum salary right now 12 under the LEARNS Act I believe is \$50,000. I believe 13 our average was 53,000 knowing that we're not opening 14 a school for another year. 15 The thing that -- in that budget that I think 16 the state is still not clear on is what happens in 17 year two. So right now the state is -- ingested 18 additional dollars to support those districts and 19 charters that have moved from 36,000 to 50,000 20 average, but what happens for a new charter that 21 comes in and the state equalization currently doesn't 22 reflect a new minimum of \$50,000? 23 So that is something that we are hopeful that 24 the state will address which would actually add more

revenue to our budget and give us an even larger

1	cushion for our students. But yes, we understand
2	fully that that 50,000 plus minimum for bringing
3	in teachers.
4	DR. WRIGHT-McMURRAY: And not to oh, did you
5	want to
6	MS. SARACINI: Go ahead.
7	DR. WRIGHT-McMURRAY: Okay. And not to totally
8	belabor the topic, but it is the expectation that
9	your counseling model will meet the 90/10 requirement
10	for time spent on counseling related and then non-
11	counseling related activities?
12	MR. HYKES: That is our intention, yes.
13	DR. WRIGHT-McMURRAY: Okay.
14	MS. SARACINI: Just one clarifying question. So
15	your teachers in resident your teacher of record
16	will be also receive the 50,000 or will it stay
17	the 35,000 to 38,000?
18	MR. HYKES: So the TIR program on that we
19	currently institute in Arizona most likely will not
20	work in Arkansas. Arizona has different standards
21	that do unfortunately, do not even require a
22	college degree to be in the classroom. So we, again,
23	in the in the spirit of professional development and
24	knowing the educational space, we've developed a TIR
25	program to help staff get from non-college degree to

college degree while getting that experience at AMS campus.

So we don't think that program will fully materialize here in Arkansas at this point. But we do think it's important to note again the spirit for which we make sure that professional development is important for all our staff and to your point, a teacher of record earns the teacher of record salary. But the TIR in Arizona is lower, but because we don't have those similar standards.

CHAIR SUTHERLIN: Thank you. Any other questions from Panel Members?

MS. NEWTON: I wonder -- I'd like to hear what your ongoing evaluation process is with teachers in the classroom. I've heard someone mention that every applicant says they love children, but what would you expect? It's all -- and compare it to maybe in thinking about baking a cake and midway through, it's not rising. There's no leveling in it -- leavening. So how do you know whether you have what you're actually looking for and how -- what's your process for saying this isn't working? It's not working for you; it's not working for us and the student.

MR. LOWRY: So we have a very robust staff development cycle where teachers sit down with their

manager at the beginning of the year. In fact, those are happening this week. They go over their goals. They self-rate on our teacher effectiveness guide, which is going to be -- something we do in Arizona will align to the standards here in Arkansas of course.

But every teacher also gets a weekly coaching conversation with their manager whether they're looking at either student work and assessing where kids are doing well, where they're not doing well. They might be watching a videotape of themselves teaching. They might go see an exemplar teacher. But they get that development. If they need even more intensive, there are things that Kate alluded to. We do dress rehearsals in the morning. We'll pull teachers off of duty. We'll say you're going to role-play your lesson with me for the day because we need to make sure that what you're putting in front of kids is actually the right thing. And so we try to individualize it as much as we can.

And we tier them; right? So same way that we tier scholars in the special education program; we tier our teachers. But that being said, sometimes things slip through obviously, and when -- we really look for when we're hiring folks is behaviors.

Right. We look for how do you behave in the interview? Do you actually want to take feedback well. Do you say things that make me believe you really do care about all of our kids? Right. And then you behave that way.

Obviously, when it's not working, we follow standard, you know, personnel/human resources practices, putting folks on improvement plans, if that's what they need. You know, giving folks corrective actions. We don't like to do that. like to believe the same way that all kids can learn. I believe if someone signed up to work for us that they really do have a passion for the work and they want to be successful. It's our job to help get them there, but obviously in the event that we need to, we are moving very quickly, and we use data really to drive all of that. We do weekly rounds -instructional rounds -- where we're rating teachers and aligning and norming on those practices and really looking at, okay, where do we have teachers, who they're not moving, they're not hitting the trip wires that we would have expected to? And then what is the individualized plan for that teacher to get them back on track.

CHAIR SUTHERLIN: Okay. Thank you. Any other

25

1

questions?

DR. MOORE: Mine is not as much of a question as a statement. I just wanted to point out in your application, I really appreciated your comprehensive professional development and I think that is so critical, the job embedded learning and coaching model; and your identification of ADE is a great resource for providing professional development. They really do have strong content experts that can support teachers, and I just suggest that you do follow through with that as well as the PD provided through APSRC.

CHAIR SUTHERLIN: Anyone else?

MS. SARACINI: I would just like to -- I really looked at your residency model and we have a registered apprenticeship now. So I think you need to look into that. I think that model would quite -- marry well and so that's why I was asking so many questions about that. But anyway just reading it, very thorough, so I can't wait to see what the impact is on Arkansas students.

CHAIR SUTHERLIN: So if there are no further questions, I'll entertain a motion.

MR. BALDWIN: I'll make a motion to approve the charter application as presented. And, you know, the

1	one the one thing I do believe strongly is that
2	you all will make an impact in Southwest Little Rock
3	and I'm happy to see that opportunity.
4	DR. WRIGHT-McMURRAY: Second.
5	CHAIR SUTHERLIN: All those in favor?
6	MR. BALDWIN: Aye.
7	MS. SARACINI: Aye.
8	DR. WRIGHT-McMURRAY: Aye.
9	MS. NEWTON: Aye.
10	DR. MOORE: Aye.
11	CHAIR SUTHERLIN: Any opposed? All right. The
12	motion passes. All right. So we'll go to our voting
13	sheets.
14	MR. DAVIS: Mr. Sutherlin?
15	CHAIR SUTHERLIN: Yes?
16	MR. DAVIS: Mr. Sutherlin?
17	CHAIR SUTHERLIN: Yes.
18	MR. DAVIS: Yeah. I I'm going to I'm
19	going to place in a vote of abstaining from the vote
20	please. Okay.
21	CHAIR SUTHERLIN: Oh, okay. Thank you.
22	All right. We'll start with Dr. Wright-McMurray.
23	DR. WRIGHT-McMURRAY: Okay. I voted for the
24	application. AMS School has a model that has the
25	potential to improve outcomes for Arkansas students.

1 I encourage the continued evaluation of their counselor to student ratio with assistance from ADE's 2 3 counseling team. I also encourage them to further 4 explore and expand their middle school CTE course 5 offerings and assistance with -- from the CTE. CHAIR SUTHERLIN: Ms. Saracini. 6 7 MS. SARACINI: I support the AMS open enrollment 8 in Little Rock, beginning in the 2024-2025 school 9 year. AMS will provide a much-needed focus on math 10 and science while utilizing (indiscernible) in this 11 area of Little Rock. I cannot wait to see the impact 12 on students in Central Arkansas. 13 CHAIR SUTHERLIN: Mr. Baldwin. 14 MR. BALDWIN: Okay. Yes. I was really impressed 15 by your strong history of success and believe that 16 your model is different than what we have seen in the 17 past. And I trust it will be as successful here as 18 it was in Arizona -- or is in Arizona. So I voted 19 for the application as presented. 20 CHAIR SUTHERLIN: Ms. Newton. 21 I voted for the AMS charter's MS. NEWTON: 22 approval based on the fact that they have developed a 23 comprehensive plan to move students forward using 24 tested approaching -- tested approaches and also,

they plan to engage community, families and students

1	for me is also a plus; and their strong history.
2	CHAIR SUTHERLIN: Dr. Moore.
3	DR. MOORE: So I've voted for and as a former
4	math educator, I'm very excited about the opportunity
5	for math and science. But I said that AMS proposes
6	to provide a needed learning environment for students
7	currently not served by effective schools as measured
8	by state accountability data. Please do explore
9	options to lower the ratio of counselors to students.
10	CHAIR SUTHERLIN: And Mr
11	DR. MOORE: As if you didn't hear that a few
12	times today.
13	CHAIR SUTHERLIN: And, Mr. Davis, did you want
14	to speak to your vote?
15	MR. DAVIS: Let let me just say I'm excited
16	about the opportunity for families and students and
17	I'll leave it at that.
18	CHAIR SUTHERLIN: All right. Thank you very
19	much. All right. Congratulations. Thank you so
20	much. I'll entertain a motion to adjourn.
21	DR. WRIGHT-McMURRAY: So moved.
22	MS. NEWTON: Second.
23	MS. SARACINI: Second.
24	CHAIR SUTHERLIN: All those in favor?
25	(UNANIMOUS CHORUS OF AYES)

1		CHAIR	SUTHER	LIN:	All	right.	Meet	ings	adjour	n.
2	(The	Action	Agenda	was	concl	uded at	2:22	p.m.	)	
3										
4										
5										
6										
7										
8										
9										
10										
11										
12										
13										
14										
15										
16										
17										
18										
19										
20										
21 22										
22										
23										
25										

C E R T I F I C A T E STATE OF ARKANSAS )
) ss

COUNTY OF PULASKI )

I, Miranda McEntire, Certified Court Reporter #852, do hereby certify that the facts stated by me in the caption on the foregoing proceedings are true; and that the foregoing proceedings were reported verbatim through the use of the voice-writing method and thereafter transcribed by me or under my direct supervision to the best of my ability, taken at the time and place set out on the caption hereto.

I FURTHER CERTIFY, that I am not a relative or employee of any attorney or employed by the parties hereto, nor financially interested or otherwise, in the outcome of this action, and that I have no contract with the parties, attorneys, or persons with an interest in the action that affects or has a substantial tendency to affect impartiality, that requires me to relinquish control of an original deposition transcript or copies of the transcript before it is certified and delivered to the custodial attorney, or that requires me to provide any service not made available to all parties in the action.

WITNESS MY HAND AND SEAL this 12th day of September, 2023.

MIRANDA MCENTIRE, CCR

Certified Court Reporter #852

